The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1867. NO. 76.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

THE RADICAL POLICY—ITS CONDEMNATION BY THE PEOPLE—LETTER OF HON. THOMAS EWING, OF OHIO.

LANCASTER, OHIO, October 28, 1867.

To the Editor of the Commercial:

My opinion is often asked as to the cause of the Republican losses at the late election, especially in Pennsylvania and Ohio, and the best means to relieve our country from its unhappy complication, and restore harmony and union. I am always prompt and free to give my opinion on political questions, and choose now to give it through your widely circulated paper.

By publishing the enclosed you will oblige your obedient servant.

T. EWING.

THE CAUSE OF REPUBLICAN LOSSES AT THE RECENT ELECTION.

I am well satisfied with the result of our election—we may consider it a tie—the one hundred thousand majority which, when we were altogether a Union war party, elected Brough our governor, has been driven off by a few Radical leaders, whom the Republicans in the two Houses have allowed to rule, perhaps to ruin, them. There is a very large number of Old-Line Whigs, and of those who inherit their prepossessions and opinions, who went with the Republicans at the late election in all things except the constitutional amendment, because they feared to place power in the hands of their old adversaries, the Democrats, while they heartily disapproved the extreme radical policy of the Republican party. This class of voters is very nearly numbered in the difference between the Democratic vote for Governor and the vote against the constitutional amendment. On the whole, the result has shown that if a new election were to take place at once, it would be in the power of the Conservatives to give a large majority to either side at pleasure. This may or may not be the case a year to come—either party when in power may, within that time, utterly destroy itself past the possibility of rescue. The present tendency of the Conservatives is to unite with the Republican party, if that party will, in obedience to what they now know to be the will of the people, recall their proscriptive mandate, and leave the intelligence of the Southern States free to act in modifying and carrying on their State governments, and desist from forcing on them negro suffrage and quasi-negro quasi-military rule. This they will do if they read aright and profit by the lesson which has just been taught them.

The two propositions—namely, of giving suffrage to the blacks and denying it to the whites as a punishment for past political and military offences—were for the first time submitted to the people, and their opinion asked upon them, at the late election in Ohio.

Ohio was selected as the most decidedly Radical among the great States, and the questions were put to her people, first of all, in the confident expectation that their authority would be obtained for fastening the reconstruction acts on the South, and extending them over the border States under the assumption that the government of no State can be republican that does not admit negro suffrage and proscribe men who have been rebels. Both these questions were involved and discussed in the Ohio election, the Republican orators insisting that it would be inconsistent and unjust to force negro suffrage on the South, and not accept it for ourselves. This was manifestly true; we could not, with any pretence of political justice, place the whole South under negro government by admitting all black and excluding so many white voters as would give the negroes a majority everywhere, and at the same time refuse to suffer 7,000 negroes to vote in Ohio, with 500,000 white voters to control them. When the people of Ohio refused to accept negro suffrage as a part of their own system they were guilty of no inconsistency, and so injustice—*they* had inflicted neither proscription nor negro suffrage on the South—as far as it had been executed it was by the act of their public servants, and they, by this vote, refused it their sanction. This was the response of the forty thousand majority who voted against the constitutional amendment. They disapprove proscription for past political or military offences, and they disapprove of the attempt to force negro suffrage upon an unwilling people.

I have no doubt a large majority of the Republicans in the two Houses of Congress are conservative in their opinions and feelings; that, as a matter of choice, they would prefer for themselves and their neighbors white to negro rulers, and would rather soothe and heal the wounds of the Union than to aggravate and inflame them. Fortunately for them and for the nation, the Ohio election has shown before it was too late that it will consist with the will of the people to act in accordance with such feelings and convictions. I therefore most earnestly hope that the conservative Republicans of Congress will dethrone their despotic leaders, keep out of those pens of political bondage called congressional caucuses, and take control of the two Houses; for they can do it readily if each and all will but keep themselves free to vote and act according to their convictions, and thus represent each his district, instead of all representing a caucus. And they should at once rescind all measures which operate as mere insult and annoyance to intelligent men of the South; give over the effort to establish negro government by the disfranchisement of the whites; repeal their ordinances placing the Southern States under military government, and make the military there again subordinate to the civil power, and replace it where the Constitution places it—under the control of the Executive; admit at once the loyal and legally qualified senators and representatives from the ten excluded States, not making party adhesion a test of either qualification or loyalty. They will then have the aid and counsel of the wisest and best men of those States, and reconstruction will be possible, and, in time, effectual. There will still be, for a while, disturbance, riots, crimes of violence, and, perhaps, local insurrections; for the public mind which tended to settle down in peace after the close of the war, and under the President's plan of restoration, has been again greatly agitated, and unhappily the men most interested in re-establishing order, the men of intelligence, men of property, men who, by their position in society, had influence over the ignorant and unreasoning masses, are placed under the ban of the Union, and thus rendered powerless—and all is left in the hands of a disorderly multitude, except in so far as they are restrained by military force. There never can be permanent reconstruction until the intelligence of those States is released from political bondage.—When the ban is removed, they may soon regain their influence and render efficient aid in the restoration of order and domestic quiet and peace; and there is no danger of their again exciting or countenancing secession—the terrible calamities which it has brought upon them will be an enduring monition against it, and nothing but actual and persistent oppression will again drive them to revolt.

By retracing their steps, which have been obviously taken in a wrong direction—by an honest effort to restore the Union without regard to party supremacy—by following promptly and cheerfully the late indications of the public will, the Republican party may deserve and assure the continuance of political power; *and they can secure it by no other means.* Denunciation can now avail nothing. Our republican institutions are endangered—the people wish them preserved—and crimination of an Executive, stripped of all power to do good or evil, does not tend to restore or preserve them. It is idle to denounce the President as a usurper because he refused to sanction a series of bills giving him unconstitutional power, and stripping him of power which the Constitution gives him. Partisan presses may join in a crusade against him; the people will not, but rather look to his acts and the acts of Congress, and weigh them against each other. The public mind is prepared for a calm comparison of the temper in which each was conceived, and the effects that each has produced and is producing on the country, its prosperity and peace.

Very little can now be gained by calling hard names and the accumulation of harsh and reproachful epithets. Copperhead is now understood to be a flash term, and to mean one who is not a Radical, who thinks the Constitution still worth restoring and preserving, and of more binding efficacy than the most solemn Radical platform.—The bitterest and most vehement curses against those who refuse conformity are now without effect. Our Vice President, Mr. Wade, tried them to the utmost in some of the Southern Counties in Ohio. In Gallia those, with his exposition of Radical policy, brought down the Republican majority from 1,107 to 83, and in Washington from 607 to 82, with a like result in Scioto, Meigs, and Athens Counties. Had he canvassed the State with like effect, the Democracy would have carried it by a majority of 30,000.

His earnest efforts, however, were not entirely lost. The publication in Gallagnani's *Messenger* of choice extracts from his speeches has given us a most distinctive reputation in Europe for that species of oratory. At home every effort of genius seems to have lost its effect; even a sneer does not avail now in the place of argument—General Schenck tried it in answer to Mr. Stanbery's official opinion on the reconstruction act, and his County, which had given twenty majority for the Republican ticket in 1866, thereupon gave six hundred and eighty majority for the Democracy. No one should carp at General Schenck because of his failure. The opinion was a compact, carefully considered law paper, absolutely unassailable by argument; so General Schenck must either let it pass unanswered, or work off his wit, even though not Attic, to stand in the place of argument against it. Mr. Wade, of course, could do no more than to damn it, and the Attorney General with it. General Butler might impeach the President for calling for it. It were, indeed, more than absurd—it were criminal even—to fancy that such an act, framed in the temper in which that was conceived and framed, admitted of construction; indeed, it was proved at last that none but the lawgivers who framed could construe it.

* * * * * * *

The President also disapproves of the reconstruction acts now in process of being forced upon the Southern States—and I concur with him. The measure strikes me as neither wise nor just. Admit that the rebels are treated in it with mercy; that they all deserve death as a punishment for their treason, without regard to the means by which they came or were forced into it; that instead, they are merely placed in political bondage, under their former slaves. Still the punishment is arbitrary and unlawful; it has no constitutional warrant, and no one is bound to submit to it any longer than constrained by actual force—and it is not likely to conciliate the kindly feelings of the men of the South whom it prescribes and places in subjection. The measure, as I view it, is unwise and unlawful as to them, and unjust and degrading to us of the North, who never rebelled.—Carry it into effect, and it gives to the plantation negro of the South a large excess of power in the Government of the Union over that enjoyed by one of our Northern citizens. For example, the proscription of the whites gives to the negroes in Louisiana, efficiently, the power of the State in the local and also in the general government, and the State is to have power in the Union due to its whole population, white and black. The census of 1860 gives Louisiana an aggregate population of 708,000, composed of 357,000 whites and 351,000 blacks. The State, therefore, will be entitled, under the reconstruction resolutions, to seven representatives in Congress, of which 351,000 blacks will be the whole efficient constituency—*the white men who can read and write and cipher as far as the rule of three having no more to do with it than their mules and horses.* So that 50,000 unmitted slaves send a member to Congress, and 100,000 citizens of Ohio do the same thing, and no more. One unmanumitted plantation negro in Louisiana will, therefore, have political power in the House of Representatives equal to two citizens of Ohio, and the preponderance will be considerably greater in the electoral college for President. The 351,000 Louisiana negroes will be entitled to two Senators—2,300,000 citizens of Ohio are entitled to two. One Louisiana negro will, therefore, have political power in the Senate more than equal to six of our citizens. To prove the reconstruction scheme a wrong against us, citizens of a Northern State, who never rebelled, it were only necessary to show that one of us, a citizen of Ohio, is as good as a manumitted plantation negro of Louisiana, and ought to have a voice as potent in the General Government of the Union.

The Constitution as it is involves inequalities in this particular among the citizens of the different States, and I would not amend it to remove them; it works no mischief, for we are all one people, of the same race, of like intelligence, in all things alike, morally and socially. But I would not amend the Constitution to increase it where it exists, or to increase it where it exists not, and especially I would not give this enormous excess of power to men of a different race, who are not and can never be our associates; of whom we know little socially, except that they are ignorant and degraded, and nothing politically except that they have always been and are a disturbing element in our system. Their degradation, ignorance, and immorality (the bitter fruits of slavery and oppression) entitle them to our commiseration, but do not entitle them to a place so much above us in the scale of political power. It would be a much smaller concession by us to the African, and more reasonable and just, to give each negro in Ohio ten votes than to give the negro in the South the power over us in the Union, involved in this plan of reconstruction. It may be said, and truly, that this inequality will be but temporary, that but one generation of proscribed white men have to die off, and all will be right; a white man in the North will at length become equal to the negro in the South. This is true; even less than the truth; it is impossible that these proposed negro republics shall, by their own action, ever come into being; or, if created by external power, shall stand alone for a single moment. There will be no attempt to carry them out, or any preference of the kind, beyond the next Presidential election. In the mean time there will be war to the knife of black against white; of barbarism and poverty and power combined against intelligence and property, which can be restrained only by military power; and the United States will be compelled to keep up standing armies in all the reconstructed States until they shall be again reconstructed. During this process the five brigadier-generals will not only be autocrats, each of his district, but will control the vote of the nine States, and send to the Senate eighteen senators and to the House eighty two members, and give in the electoral college one hundred votes for President. This will be better than the proposed negro supremacy, as our military officers are generally humane and intelligent men, and know how to govern; but it were not well to invest even them with such exorbitant powers.

But to look further to consequences. If there shall be a majority of constitutional votes for one candidate for the Presidency, and if the one hundred military electors added to the minority make a majority of the whole, there will arise a question which can be decided only by the sword; and the army of the South, *if united under the five generals, will settle the question of legitimacy at Washington, as the Pretorian guard were wont to do at Rome, and the Janissaries at Constantinople.*

For these reasons I concur with the President in disapproving this congressional plan of reconstruction; and the vote at the late election in Ohio *has strongly pronounced the disapproval of the people*, and their objections will not be removed when they consider it in connection with its attendant consequences.

On the whole, I do not think it will be practicable further to inflame the public mind against the President, or longer to retain party power by waging war against him. Whether he betrayed his party in the absurd hope of thereby perpetuating his own power, or sacrificed power and party on the altar of his country, ceases to be a question of national importance. It is a question on which opinions differ, and can be better settled when the country is relieved from its present disturbed condition.

And on reviewing the ground, as far as my limited observation extends I see no reason to anticipate a re-actionary excitement in favor of extreme Radical men or measures. The tide is setting against them, and cannot be suddenly checked. The more Conservative Republican leaders, if they would retain power, must learn to know that there is a public opinion not created by themselves or changeable at their pleasure, which, when it speaks—as it has spoken—is entitled to their respect. In *obedience to this they must dethrone their Radical despots*, and conform their action in Congress to the expressed public will, and legislate, like rational men, with calmness and consideration rather than with passion. It is hard to ask a political party to acknowledge error and retrace their steps, but in this case the good of the country requires and the expressed will of the people demands it. The correction must and will be made, either by them or by those who will succeed them, and it were better done in a Conservative spirit by them than by the Democracy, who will be otherwise called to the task under more difficult complications.

If the Republicans will do this promptly and cheerfully, they will probably regain and retain their ascendancy, and they may rely on the Democracy to render them all needful aid in restoring and securing it.—That party, wherever in power, will, unless they have learned wisdom from hard experience, adopt objectionable measures, or bring forward obnoxious men, such as will destroy their ascendancy, if the Republicans have Conservative wisdom enough to profit by their errors.

T. EWING.

The Godwin Cotton Press, Again!

NOT BEING PLEASED WITH THE PRESS equipage sent out, I have visited New York and had the work done

CHEAPER AND BETTER.

Farmers had better send their orders to me, accompanied by $45, or a good check or draft, if they would have their orders filled promptly, properly, and cheaply.

I will sell

COUNTY AND STATE RIGHTS

cheap. Count the profits of my Superior Press and make me an offer.

J. H. GODWIN

Oct. 31—73-1m Scotland Neck, N. C.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—73-tf

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

WHITE LEAD, in 25 pound cans.
Spirits Turpentine, by the barrel or retail.
Coach Body and Brown Japan Varnish.
ALSO
Paints for Coach Making, in small tin boxes.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Oct. 18—tf For Hart & Lewis.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment just to hand. Prices from 50 cents to $10.00.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
Sept 13—tf Raleigh, N. C.

RAILROADS.

IMPORTANT TO CAROLINA SHIPPERS.

THE NEW
Baltimore and Carolina Grand Trunk
FREIGHT LINE,
VIA PETERSBURG, VA.,
Comprising the following great Freight Routes:
THE POWHATAN
Steamboat Company's Freight Line of Steamers,
PETERSBURG AND WELDON,
RALEIGH AND GASTON,
NORTH CAROLINA,
WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA,
WILMINGTON AND WELDON,
ATLANTIC AND NORTH CAROLINA,
WILMINGTON AND MANCHESTER,
CHARLOTTE AND SOUTH CAROLINA R. R.,
And their connections.

Time Quick and Rates Low.

THIS NEW TRUNK LINE FORMS A GREAT FREIGHT ROUTE between Baltimore and Weldon, Warrenton, Raleigh, Hillsboro', Lexington, Salisbury, Morganton, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Goldsboro', Newbern, Beaufort, Wilmington, Chesterville, Wilmsboro', Columbia, Summerville, Manchester, and all intermediate points on and near these great Railways and their connections.

The Powhatan Steamers connect at Petersburg with Petersburg Railway for all points in the Carolinas. Cars are run alongside of Steamers' Wharf and goods transferred with careful handling. Cars are run through without breaking bulk between Petersburg and Raleigh, Charlotte, Goldsboro', Wilmington, &c. &c. This Inland Line possesses many advantages over a Sea Route. Marine risk is small and insurance is comparatively nothing. The Wharf of the Powhatan Steamers being situated in the very centre of the great shipping district of Baltimore, renders it convenient to shippers, and drayage is very small.

Great attention paid to consignments of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Rosin, &c. &c. All goodness forwarded at the lowest possible rates.

☞ To insure transportation over this Inland Fast Line, mark all goods, whether Northward or Southward bound, "VIA PETERSBURG."

☞ Freight landed in Baltimore day following delivery to the Steamers.

Through Receipts are given and fixed rate per 100 pounds guaranteed both ways

☞ Rates in every case same as via Bay Line and Portsmouth to and from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

N. B.—With regard to last named points, freight is forwarded to and from Petersburg by Philadelphia and N. Y. Steamers.

For rates and all further information, apply to any Freight Agent on the Line, or at the

OFFICE OF THE POWHATAN STEAMBOAT CO.,
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J. BRANDT, Jr., Pres. Powhatan Steamboat Co.
R. B. PEGRAM, Sup't Petersburg Railroad.
A. B. ANDREWS, Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
JAMES ANDERSON, Sup't N. C. R. R.
C. BOUKNIGHT, Sup't Charlotte & S. C. R. R.
S. L. FREMONT, Sup't Wil. & Weldon R. R.
J. Y. JORDAN, Act. Mas. Trans. Atlantic and N. C. Railroad.
WM. M'RAE, Sup't Wil. & Manchester R. R.
Sept. 30—3m

OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA R. R. CO.,
COMPANY SHOPS, N. C.,
October 17th, 1867.

On and after this date the following will be the schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	9.40 P. M.
" Greensboro	4.11 A. M.
" Raleigh	10.00 " "
Arrive at Goldsboro'	2.00 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.22 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.50 " "
" Greensboro'	9.10 " "
Arrive in Charlotte	3.54 A. M.

Through passengers by this line, have choice of routes, *via* Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or *via* Raleigh and Weldon to Portsmouth or Richmond, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with the passenger trains on the Wilmington and Weldon Road to and from Wilmington, and by Freight Train to Weldon.

JAS. ANDERSON,
Oct. 18—82 2m Sup't.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 16th, 1867.

On and after October 16th, 1867, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	10.10 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	3.17 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	7.00 A. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	5.00 P. M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North.

A. B. ANDREWS,
Oct. 15—59-tf Supt. of Trans.
☞ Register and Standard copy tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE AT
GILLIAM & DUNLOP'S
IRON STORE,
121 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.,

BEARD'S

PATENT LOCK AND SELF ADJUSTING TIES FOR BALING COTTON.

Combining strength with rapidity of adjustment TO BALES OF ANY SIZE.

Each Tie is complete and ready for use,
And needs no directions for putting on.
It is impossible for it to come off.

IRON TIES ARE SUPERIOR TO ROPE,
Being a great protection against fire, and they will not rot off

BEARD'S TIES

are put on in less time, and the
Bale is held more Snugly, Firmly and Securely,
Than any other Tie in existence.
They are made of the best quality hoop Iron, and are thoroughly painted

GILLIAM & DUNLOP,
Oct. 17—61-1m Petersburg, Va.

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

DOUBLE & SINGLE IRON BENCH PLANES,
Match and Bead Planes,
Cross-cut saws, 5 to 6½ feet,
Adze-Eye Hammers and Chopping Hatchets.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Oct. 16—tf With Hart and Lewis.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR!!!
Bought expressly for PICKLING.
For sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Aug 15-7-tf

SALT! SALT!
5,000 Sacks LIVERPOOL and AMERICAN SACK SALT for sale very low by
WORTH & DANIEL,
Oct. 25—65-3t Wilmington, N. C.

N. C. SUPREME COURT REPORTS.
For sale by
J. H. ENNISS,
Oct. 17—61-tf N. C. Book Store.

DRY GOODS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods, for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER
STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

1867.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!!

OUR STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHing, for Men and Boys, is now in store and ready for inspection.

It has been our custom for many years to have our goods cut, trimmed and made in the best manner, believing it to be to the interest of both the buyer and seller.

With HARDISS, BALDWIN & Co. in New York, for Manufacturers, we can safely assert that our advantages for selling reliable goods at low prices are not equaled, in our line, in North Carolina.

Citizens and strangers will always find our stock full and desirable.

Particular attention is called to our stock of

FINE DRESS SHIRTS.

☞ A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance. ☜

Orders for suits made to measure will receive prompt attention.

Our best endeavors shall be to please the numerous patrons of the house, as well as all others, who may favor us with a call.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,
Gent's Outfitting Rooms.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF HATS, embracing all of the new styles, just received.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,
Gent's Furnishing House.

TRUNKS, VALISES, and TRAVELLING BAGS of every description kept constantly on hand.

Sept. 27—44-3m R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BERLINER MALT EXTRACT!

OR

Dr. Hollender's Beer of Health!

$4 Per Dozen.

AN EMINENT NOURISHING AND strengthening remedy for all diseases of the

BREAST AND STOMACH,
GENERAL WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,
ALSO,
DYSPEPSIA,

and a great nourishment for convalescents.

MOTHERS, unable to give sufficient natural nourishment to their infants, will find this Extract a remarkable remedy.

It has been examined by the highest Medical authorities and approved to be not alone a very healthy, but extraordinary strengthener, and is successfully used in all Hospitals in Europe and the Northern Cities.

In compliance with the desire of a number of Physicians, we have introduced a second, lighter quality, at

$2.50 Per Dozen.

By this arrangement, every class of the public is enabled to provide this healthy remedy and thereby preserve their health.

PHIL THIEM,
Sole Agent for North Carolina.

HANZ & MICHEL'S
CELEBRATED
LAGER BEER,
BREMEN,
$3 Per Dozen—(PINT BOTTLES.)
A Genuine Imported Article.

PHIL. THIEM,
Sole Agent for America.
Oct. 9—54 3m

LAND SALE.

GOLD MINE, MILLS AND FACTORY.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed Commissioners to sell the Real Estate of the late S. H. Christian, in Montgomery and Stanly Counties, N. C., will offer for sale to the highest bidder on THURSDAY, the

14th Day of November,

at said Christian's residence, his interest (one-fifth) in the

Swift Island Gold Mining Co.,

commonly called "Christian's Gold Mine," a splendid CORN AND FLOURING MILL, newly built, on the Pee Dee River, with unsurpassed water-power, conveniently located for custom. A Factory for the manufacture of Cotton Yarn, in good running order, and about

TWO THOUSAND ACRES

of good Farming and well timbered Land, lying on both sides of the Pee Dee River, with a good dwelling-house and all necessary out-houses, barns, &c.

A credit of six months will be given.

☞ No mistake about the sale. Possession given 1st of January next.

Any person wishing to invest in this kind of property will find no better opportunity.

Persons wishing to examine the property before the sale, can find some one at Swift Island at any time, to give the necessary information.

O. H. DOCKERY,
E. G. L. BARRINGER, } Com.
Oct. 15—59-4t

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 25-297-tf

CORN! CORN! CORN!

Constantly arriving, and for sale by
Sept. 16—50-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
ZANESVILLE, OHIO.

DUVALL'S IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They offered the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are constructed to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For Descriptions, price lists and other information address,

JOHN B. GRETTER,
Guilford Land Agency,
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June 25-271-3m Sole Agent for N. C.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 9, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-294-tf

PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.

☞ September Grinding. ☜

OLD HOUSEKEEPERS say FLOUR GROUND IN SEPTEMBER is the BEST, especially if it to be laid by for the year. For sale by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Sept. 26—43-tf Market Square.

DOTY'S WASHING MACHINE,

AND THE

UNIVERSAL CLOTHES WRINGER.

THE BEST AND ONLY WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER THAT HAS BEEN FULLY TESTED IN THIS PLACE.

THESE MACHINES have been used for some time in the family of the Secretary of the State and the Senior Editor of the *Sentinel*, and, I am authorized to state, have given entire satisfaction. These Machines are patented, and persons using any other Machines like them are liable to be prosecuted. Persons wishing to purchase can get one on trial.

Do not be induced, by any kind of representation, to buy a Machine, until you examine these.

Sept. 12—39-tf D. C. MURRAY, Agent.

JUST RECEIVED.

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS.

MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS, Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's ordered work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit,—worth saving in these times.

FINE CLOTH SACKS,
FINE BEAVER SACKS,
Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times.

A fine variety of FINE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
Gents' Furnishing Store,
Oct. 16—69-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

BEAUTIFUL FAMILY FLOUR.

Just received. I warrant every barrel first class Family Flour.

Oct. 17—61-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FOR SALE.

Beautiful French CHINA TOILET SETTS, just received.

JAMES JONES & CO.,
Oct. 17—61-tf Wholesale Grocers.

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville st., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*," No 1, *Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc., which is now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellaneous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Comm. Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State for any book or article wanted, accompanied with the cash, or City reference, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville street, Raleigh.
July 24-294-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
37 Nassau Street,
NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend thoroughly and promptly, to all business confided to his management.

Aug. 24, 1867—12-1y

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.,
Catawba Station, N. C.
June 26-271-3m

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF THE CELEBRATED "CYGNET" Chewing Tobacco, just received.

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TO THE NORTH,

VIA

Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia to New York and all Points West.

NO OMNIBUS TRANSFER ON THE ROUTE.

NO CHANGE OF CARS
From Weldon to Acquia Creek,
Or from Washington to New York.

PASSENGERS FROM COLUMBIA, Charlotte, Raleigh and all points on the North Carolina and Raleigh and Gaston Railroads, make close connection at Weldon with this old Favorite Route. For comfort, continuous connections and first class accommodation, this Route is unsurpassed.

TIME AS QUICK

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☞ Ask for Tickets and have your baggage checked

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Oct. 16—69-1m

R. B. PEGRAM,
Sup't P. & W. R. R.

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GILLIAM & DUNLOP,
121 Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Have in stock at all times, and offer at low prices, in lots to suit, the most complete assortment of

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CONSISTING OF

REFINED BAR IRON FLAT, SQUARE AND ROUND.
SWEDES IRON.
NORWAY NAIL RODS. PLOUGH IRON.
HORSE SHOE IRON.
CARRIAGE IRON. OVAL, BAND AND SCROLL IRON.
HOOP IRON, ALL SIZES.
BEST CAST STEEL, GERMAN STEEL,
BLISTER STEEL.

Extra sizes of Iron furnished promptly.

GILLIAM & DUNLOP,
DEALERS IN
IRON AND STEEL,
Agents for the sale of
Fairbanks' Scales.
And all descriptions of Oils manufactured by the Manhattan Oil Co.
October 4—73m3

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSICIANS. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Dizziness, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Feb 1-150-tf

THE AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERED Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact wherever pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, it should be used.

Dr. Johnston's Sarsaparilla, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, and hundreds others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

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R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

Feb 1-150-tf
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

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Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	5,00
" " six months,	3,5
Weekly Sentinel, one year,	3 0
" " six months,	1,50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. R. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1867.

CONSERVATIVE TICKET FOR THE CONVENTION IN WAKE.

HON. DANIEL G. FOWLE,
REV. BENNET T. BLAKE,
PRIESTLY H. MANGUM,
JESSE A. NORRIS.

THE WORKING MEN.

The ultra-Radical paper of this City contained a lengthy demagogical address to the Working Men, some days since, which we learn has been since published in pamphlet form for general distribution. If it was intended for the eyes of the *white* working men of North Carolina, it is an insult to their intelligence and virtue, whether we consider the matter of the address or the source from whence it emanated.

If there is one question upon which the white mechanics and working men of North Carolina are agreed, it is their utter abhorrence of the Radical doctrine of the equality of the negro race with the whites, in the government of the State or of the nation. No array of demagogical facts or figures, no special pleadings of political tricksters, can convince the white mechanics or working men of North Carolina, that the Radical doctrines of equality are either sound or just, or that their advocates are the true friends of the working men.

Appeals to the working men have been, in former days, a specific reliance in any contest of political strength, by the *Standard* and its editor. It has been a *dernier resort* with that paper, in its extremities, to attempt to array one class of the community against the other; nor was it wholly unsuccessful in other times. Making large and false pretensions of peculiar devotion to the interests of working men, and denouncing most fiercely and falsely the designs of the "oligarchs and aristocrats," it has not unfrequently rallied the former to its support.

But that day has passed. The tables have turned. The Ex. P. G. having failed in all his political tergiversations and somersaults to become an "oligarch" over the white people of the State, now sports his sceptre over the negro race, and, with unblushing effrontery, attempts to rally the *white* working men of the State, as in days of yore, to his support, not as equals of his black compeers, but as subordinates in his domain of negro supremacy.

Gentlemen of leisure and aristocrats, among the whites, we have none. Every white man who makes his own bread and meat among us, is now a *working man*. All are not artisans and mechanics, but working men are found every where. The only "oligarchs and aristocrats" now among us, are the sleek, fat, greasy negroes, who may doubtless be frequently found at the *Standard* office, sitting back in lordly leisure reading the newspapers, or listening to the grave speech of the chief "oligarch," who issues his orders in royal style to the obsequious Leagues. Work, the ordinary work of working men, has been laid by, until the coffers of the Republican Central Committee shall be exhausted.

But is W. W. Holden a true friend of the working man, white or black? What has he ever done for the elevation or promotion of any working man except himself? What has been the up-shot of all his schemes for the working man, except to advance himself?

The appeal to the working men, now printed in pamphlet form and distributed at the expense of the Radical party, unfortunately alludes to the past. Can anything be more unblushing in its effrontery? Can a wall of brass be more brazen? Who, in North Carolina, did so much to educate the people to hostility to the Union as W. W. Holden? Who ever pleaded the cause of secession, of war and blood, as he? Who, in the days of his pretended devotion to the white working men of the State, was a more violent slavery propagandist than he? Who more bitter in his denunciations of the poor free negroes than he? Who so severe upon abolitionism and Northern abolitionists as he?

And who, when the war came, was more bent upon sacrificing the "last dollar and the last man" to defend slavery, to "whip the Yankees," to establish the Confederacy, than W. W. Holden? Whose clarion summoned the working men from Currituck to Cherokee to fight the "rich man's" battle, as he now calls it, and to fight for the perpetuation of slavery, with more fierceness, than his? Who rallied the poor farmer boys from their ploughs and the mechanics from their shops to go to the war, more earnestly and loudly, than W. W. Holden? And who, when conscription came, begged harder and implored the men and boys at home more to yield to the demand and hearken to the voice of the State, than he? The bones of many a brave working man lie silent in the sod, who yielded to his calls. And yet he has the effrontery and the hypocrisy to pretend he was all the time a Union man! Yet he can now wipe his mouth and pretend to the blacks he was always for their freedom! And he now comes whimpering to the white working men of North Carolina, with his honeyed words of sympathy and devotion! Out upon such hypocrisy.

What does he want the white working men to rally to him for? Is he a friend of the *white race*? Is he a friend to the white *working man*? How does he show it?—By trying to convince them that they are only fit to be the equals in political power with the freedmen? Does he appeal to them to follow him, in his levelling, agrarian schemes? Does he talk of the *elevation* of the white working men? Does he plead in their behalf? No! No! He would bring them down, or elevate the colored race, in their ignorance and degradation, to their level. Radicalism is a leveller. It would bring the higher down and raise the lower up to them.

What is the practical effect of Radicalism, of Mr. Holden's teachings upon the working classes? Are they helping either the white or black working man? Is it not reducing the labor of our fields and farms, and leading the black laborers to flock to our towns and cities? Does that help the white or black mechanics living in our towns? Is it not multiplying labor and decreasing the sources of employment?—Does it not increase the demand for work and thus lessen the value of labor? These people that flock from the country, must eat. They are unwilling to work in the fields, and hence must share, to some extent, the already stinted employments in our cities and towns. And who are to be the sufferers? Why the good mechanics, of course, are to be supplanted by snobs and jack-legs, who can work cheaper.

Alas! for the working men of this State, if Radicalism prevails. They talk of the prosperity of Tennessee. Where is it? Who but the Brownlowites speak of good times? Who will emigrate to North Carolina; who will bring capital into the State; who can or will employ our mechanics, when our halls of legislation are controlled by negro-supremacy? Who will want to be called a North Carolinian, when our good Old State is first Brownlowized, and then Africanized? Surely no white working man can contribute to such a result.

JUDGE FOWLE ACCEPTS.

We are greatly gratified to announce that the Hon. D. G. Fowle, waiving all personal considerations, has consented to accept the nomination tendered him by the Conservative Convention, which assembled in this City on Thursday last. He has thus greatly increased his hold upon the confidence and regard of the people of the County. He has shown that he has the interest of the Country too deeply at heart, to permit individual interest to stand in the way of the effort to rescue the State from the ruin and infamy which the Radical destructives would put upon it.

Nothing has, as yet, been heard from the other gentlemen who were nominated. The following is the correspondence:

RALEIGH, Nov. 1, 1867.

HON. DANIEL G. FOWLE,

Dear Sir—We have the honor to inform you that, at a Convention of the Conservative men of Wake, held in this city, on Thursday, you were unanimously nominated as one of our candidates for the approaching State Convention, should one be called.

We take pleasure in communicating this fact, and beg to express our urgent personal solicitations that you will yield to the wishes of your friends, so earnestly expressed in the Convention.

We are, sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servants,

H. O. PARKER,
M. A. BLEDSOE,
J. P. H. RUSS,
G. H. FAIRBAULT,
JAS. A. MOORE,
R. C. BADGER, } Com.

RALEIGH, Nov. 2, 1867.

GENTLEMEN:—Yours informing me of my nomination for a seat in the approaching Convention, by the Conservative men of Wake County, has been received.

I do not feel at liberty to refuse, and will therefore accept the nomination and devote myself to the advocacy of those just principles of Constitutional law and civil liberty, now so greatly endangered.

Thanking you, gentlemen, for the kind terms in which you have communicated the action of the Convention,

I remain Yours, respectfully,
DANIEL G. FOWLE.

Messrs. H. O. Parker, and others, Committee.

THE STATEMENT, which, we learn, has been made by the ultra-Radical paper in this city, that the Editors of this paper defeated the efforts of the Working Men of this city, in securing a nomination to the State Convention, is one of its characteristic malicious falsehoods. Neither of the Editors of the *Sentinel* had any choice as to men. All we desired was that the County Convention would select the best ticket, to unite the Conservative men of the County, in order to *defeat the Radicals*. We declared our readiness warmly to support any Conservative mechanic who might be selected, no matter who he was. And we now declare our readiness, at any time, to support, with all our power, any Conservative man in this City, who may be nominated for any position or place whatever, by the Conservative Working Men of the City. The intimation that we would ignore the claims of any man living, *because* he is a mechanic or working man, or *because* of any personal consideration, is both base and unfounded. Both of us claim to be working men, and as fully indentified in interests, feelings and pursuits with them, as any other men in the city or elsewhere.

RADICAL PROSCRIPTION AND THREATS.—There is a great clamor and howl raised by the Radical press, at the bare possibility of discharging a negro from employment because he belongs to a League, or otherwise manifests a hostility to the white man. But we learn that the negroes of this City have been publicly advised, *from the pulpit*, and in other ways, *not to trade with certain firms* mentioned by name, but to trade with others. IS THIS SO? Let us have the information, for this is a game at which more than one side can play. Again we ask: *Is this so?*

HON. THOMAS EWING'S LETTER.—This letter, which we publish on our first page to-day, is the most calm and rational explanation we have seen of the losses sustained by the Radicals in the recent elections. Coming from a Statesman of enlarged experience and wisdom, a leading Republican, and the father-in law of General Sherman, it is well worthy of the public attention.

RADICAL LOVE FOR THE "POOR WHITES."

The Radical papers and speakers are just now exhibiting a wonderful affection for the "poorer class of white people," and endeavoring to persuade them that they are regarded with peculiar favor by the so-called "Republican" party. We understand that Conway, the hired Radical propagandist, in his speech in this city, a few nights since, promised all such, that if they would only join and co-operate with the Radicals, they would be able to live on one-half the amount that it takes to support them and their families now. Conway evidently thinks that the great masses of our laboring whites are fools, or he would not insult them by such presumption upon their ignorance and credulity.

The negroes have seen how they are estimated at the North, in Helper's *Nojoque*, recommending their extermination, and in the result of the suffrage vote in Ohio.—That worthy, honest and excellent class of our white people, who are persuaded that they should unite in negro leagues, will see what is thought of them, by the following extracts from the speech of the Hon. Mr. Kelley, of Pennsylvania, the great advocate of the Leagues, &c. It was delivered in the House of Representatives, on the 31st. of January last, on "Protection to American Labor," and has been scattered all over the country in pamphlet form.

At page 8 of his pamphlet he says:

"Nor does it (free trade) seem, from recent descriptions, and from our observations of them in military prisons and hospitals, to have materially benefited them down to the present day. J. R. Gilmer, Esq., 'Edmund Kirke,' in his discourse on the social and political characteristics of the Southern whites, before the Jersey City Literary Association, estimated the number known as 'mean whites' at over four millions, and described them as herding together in sparse communities and gleaning a sorry subsistence from hunting, fishing and poaching in the mountain districts of Virginia, upper Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi, and the sand-hills of North Carolina, and the barrens of Tennessee, and throughout the rest of the South; as hovering around the borders of the large plantations, quartering themselves upon the chivalry, stealing the deer from their forests, and the hams from their smoke-houses. He said they were tolerated by the planters for the two hundred thousand votes they gave for slavery and the mad theories of the planters, and added, 'they are far below the slaves in morals and civilization; are indolent, thriftless, thieving, lying, given to whiskey drinking, snuff dipping, clay eating, incest, and all manner of social vices. Not one in a thousand of them can read; not one in ten thousand can write; and he said that he had met many who had never seen a book or newspaper, and some who never heard of a Bible of spelling book."

Judge Kelly goes on thus:

"Mr. B. C. Truman, an accredited correspondent of that journal, in a letter to the New York *Times*, dated Montgomery, Alabama, October 23rd, 1865, said: "There is a class of beings in all Southern States, known as poor whites. The little monosyllabic adjective does not give the faintest idea of these things, with bodies and souls. How under the heavens they live, is a question for the philanthropist, if indeed that paragon of benevolence has ever visited the region in which they exist. The homes of the poor whites,"—

[Here follows an account of what this Mr. Turman had seen in Alabama; and Mr. Kelley resumes:]

"And Dixon, the travelling correspondent of the Boston *Daily Advertiser*, whose admirable letters prove him to be a keen observer and faithful reporter, writing from Fort Valley, Ga., Nov. 15, said: 'Whether the North Carolina dirt eater or the South Carolina sand hiller or the Georgia cracker is lower in the scale of human existence, would be difficult to say. The ordinary plantation negro seemed to me, when I saw him in any numbers, at the very bottom of not only probabilities, but also possibilities, so far as they affect human relations; but these specimens of the white race must be credited with having reached a yet lower depth of squalid and beastly wretchedness,'" &c., &c. See page 9.

After giving this extract at length from a writer who seems to torture his memory for terms of degradation, Mr. Kelley breaks out into interrogatories: Whether a policy, that of free trade, which produces such *results*, can be wise? That is, he in effect affirms, that these results, this condition of things, exists, to-wit: that the "poor whites," or "mean whites," "estimated at over four millions," are in the situation that he describes, and that the fact is demonstrated not only from the recent descriptions of the literary lecturer and newspaper agents from whom he quotes, but from "our (we must conclude his own) observation of them, (the Southern soldiers, of course,) in military prisons and hospitals."

Such is the picture of more than four millions out of eight, of the white people of the Southern States, which Mr. Kelley draws from his privileged seat in Congress, from which he votes to exclude any representative who can contradict or correct it; and he sends it with whatever authority it may derive from his character, by thousands, into the Northern States, as a true representation of our society and civilization, so far, at least, as to the extent of one half of our white population!

NEGRO SUFFRAGE AT THE SOUTH.—The New York *Journal of Commerce*, after reviewing the conduct of the negroes at the recent election in Virginia, says: "Negro suffrage is not an improvement upon the old order of things. It introduces to power in the Government a race of passionate, tyrannical men—men as thoroughly Radical as the extreme Massachusetts type, in their determination to compel all others to think as they do, but far more dangerous, because of their gross ignorance. Had the Virginia election taken place before negro suffrage was put to vote in Ohio, we think that the Republican majority against it would have been greatly increased. There can hardly be a doubt that it will be defeated in every Northern State in which it may hereafter be submitted to the people."

HUNNICUTT AND BROWNLOW.—These individuals are the two best representatives of their party—the negroes. Brownlow is already booked for the Senate, and Hunnicutt is sure to be sent to Congress by his colored constituency. Who will they associate with in Congress? What white men, rather, will associate with them? Shall it be Ashley of Ohio, Nye of Nevada, Chandler of Michigan, and Kelley of Pennsylvania? Certainly, for these are the most puissant champions of the new dispensation at the South.—*N. Y. Herald.*

THE RADICAL COUNTY CONVENTION.

This Convention assembled in Tucker Hall, in this city, on Saturday,—the Court House not being large enough to accommodate the large number of negroes present.—They were here from all the adjoining counties, as well as Wake. Only about fifteen white men were in the concern—embracing, pretty much, the full force of the Radical leaders in the county, and comprising exactly such men as everybody expected *would* be found there. The irrepressible negro reigned triumphantly. We heard *one*, who was anxiously enquiring for tickets, as he understood "de 'lection was come."

We do not care to give details. S. D. Franklin, J. P. Andrews and Benton Williams, whites, and James H. Harriss, negro, were nominated for the Convention. This is pretty much as we predicted. The negro Radicals in the county out-number their white allies at least twenty to one, and the Convention was made up of the same proportions, but the Ex. P. G. and the leaders out-generalled the darkies. Their love for the negro is so unselfish, that they doubtless wished to spare their colored brethren the mortification of defeat.

We shall pay our respects to this ticket hereafter. We have no time now.

Capt. Jos. W. Holden was nominated, at first, but he modestly declined the *honor*, and Mr. Williams was substituted for him.

What a contrast is presented between the two tickets presented for the suffrage of the people! There is not even a decent colored man in the County but will be impressed with it. It is perhaps needless to say that Harris is the *brains* of the Holden ticket. But more anon.

THE ITALIAN IMBROGLIO.—The details of the progress of the revolutionary movement in Italy, although quite interesting, are not sufficiently detailed to enable the general public to arrive at any accurate idea of the situation or of the nature of the political complications. The entire effort of the Papal Government seems to have been concentrated upon the defence of Rome, the fights in the provinces being but little more than skirmishes, designed mainly, on the part of the Papal forces, to retard as long as possible the advance of the Garibaldians. The most serious opposition that the Garibaldians met with was at Monte Rotondo, where, according to advices, the result long hung doubtful; but in the end Garibaldi, who commanded in person, was successful, and drove the defeated Papal forces before him into the outer fortifications of Rome.

The French troops are announced as having arrived at Rome, but we have no clue to judge of the course which will be pursued, after they enter upon active hostilities.

A proclamation has been issued by Victor Emmanuel denouncing Garibaldi and declaring for the policy of France. This proclamation settles the fate of the Garibaldian movement, but will doubtless give rise to intense excitement throughout the Kingdom of Italy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FINE COCKADE CITY ALE,
By the keg, for sale,
PULLIAM, JONES & Co.
Nov. 4, 1867—tf.

DIRECT TRADE! DIRECT TRADE!
The first class British Steamship
PROPONTIS,
of 2,000 tons burthen, will leave Liverpool on the 20th of October, and is expected in Norfolk, to load FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT, about the 15th of November.
For freight or passage apply to
W. D. REYNOLDS & BRO.,
Agents, Norfolk, Va., or to
A. M. McPHEETERS,
Nov. 4—5m. Raleigh, N. C.

ESTABLISHED 1831.
KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.
KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants.
NORFOLK, Va.
SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.
Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.
Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.
Liberal advances made on produce in hand.
TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas. M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.
Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.
Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4—

IMPORTANT LAND SALE.
ON THURSDAY, the 5th December next, the subscribers will sell, to the highest bidder, on a credit of one and two years, that highly improved and well known tract of land,
POMONA,
the residence of Seth Jones, deceased.
It is in Wake County, N. C., 15 miles Northeast of Raleigh, and contains 1250 ACRES, but will be surveyed and sold in five tracts.
The House Tract will contain between five and six hundred ACRES, and will be sold first. The lower Orchard and Cider-press Tract next. The Brick-yard field next—each supposed to contain 200 acres. The Ambrose Tract next, supposed to contain 100 acres. Then the Robertson Tract, supposed to contain 200 acres.
We will take pleasure in showing the land to any one wishing to purchase.
EDWARD A. CRUDUP,
H. W. MONTAGUE,
Nov. 4—wtd. Executors.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
FAMILY GROCER,
NO. 28 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
DEALER IN
Butter, Cheese, Lard, Pork, Beef, Bacon, Salt, Fish, Dried Fruit, Flour, Meal, Corn, Buckwheat, Rye, Flour, Hominy, Wines, Brandy, Whiskey, Gin, Rum,
TOBACCO, CIGARS, CROCKERY, &c.,
Wood and Willow Ware, and
Fancy Groceries of every Description.
ALSO on hand the best and cheapest lot of Rope and Cotton Bagging in the City, to which attention of farmers is specially called.
Receiving daily the very finest Norfolk Oysters, at $1,25 per gallon. Buy tickets and save money.
Nov. 4, 1867—tf.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS
1867.
WILLIAM LAMB,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT
NORFOLK, VA.
For the sale of
Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit, Staves, &c.
In the markets of
Norfolk, Liverpool and London.
Also Agents for NORFOLK AND LIVERPOOL STEAMERS.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, of North Carolina, who will use his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all information, and attend to any business desired.
Oct. 1—3mos.

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON,
STEEL, BELTING, PACKING,
WAGON MATERIAL, &c.
CORNER MAIN STREET AND MARKET SQUARE
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
Sept. 10—3m.

W. E. BENBURY,
OF NORTH CAROLINA, WITH
W. R. C. LAND,
DEALER IN
LUMBER, LIME, COAL, WOOD, HAY,
SHINGLES, LATHS,
PLASTER, HAIR, TAR, PITCH AND TURPENTINE,
WIDE WATER ST. AND WOODSIDE'S WHARF,
Norfolk, Va.
Sept. 10—30-3m

W. H. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,
CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 35 Commerce Street,
NORFOLK, VA.
A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers. HOPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.
Aug 20-11-6m

JAMES GORDON & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NORFOLK, Va.
WILL GIVE STRICT ATTENTION TO THE sale of Cotton and all other produce, and to the purchase of all Plantation Supplies.
Our house was established in Norfolk, in 1828, by James Gordon, of Warren County, North Carolina, who was well known throughout the State. We trust that our long experience in the Commission business has made us familiar with it in all its branches, and entitles us to a portion of the patronage of the good people of our native State.
REFERENCES:
Gen. M. W. Ransom, R. F. Moore, J. N. Smith, Col. N. M. Long, Hon. Kenneth Rayner, P. E. Smith, Jno. M. Moody, Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Wm. D. Jones, Jno. J. Bell, Hon. Wm. A. Graham, B. B. Smith.
Sept. 23—40-3m

NOTICE.
JOHN WHITE, Esq., formerly of Warrenton, N. C., is this day admitted a partner in our business, the style of the firm to be
FREER, NEAL & CO.
Oct. 1st, 1867. FREER & NEAL.

FREER, NEAL & Co.,
J. B. NEAL, GEO. H. FREER, JNO. WHITE.
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants,
NORFOLK, Va.
Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Haywood, Raleigh; Gen. Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Colonel John W. Cunningham, Person County; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; George H. Brown & Co., Washington.
Oct. 9—54-1m

COWAND & HARRISS,
General Commission Merchants,
26 Commerce Street,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.
D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C. | B. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N. C.
aug10-3m

L. BERKLEY. | W. M. MILLAR. | J. W. GRANDY, Formerly of N. C.
BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
16 WEST MAIN STREET,
NEXT TO EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
NORFOLK, Va.
Sept. 10—30-3m

W. S. RAMSEY,
Of Chatham County, N. C.,
WITH
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
—AND—
Produce Commission Merchants,
CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,
Portsmouth, Va.
Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.
Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
Aug 13-5-3m

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA, the best Juvenile Magazine. Every Boy and Girl that sees it says so; all the Press say so; and Parents and Teachers confirm it. Do not fail to secure a copy. A good Microscope, with a glass cylinder to confine living objects, or a good two-bladed, pearl Pocket Knife, and a large number of other desirable articles, given as premiums to each subscriber. Yearly, $1 50. The November number commences a new volume. Published by W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
473 Broadway, New York.
Try it, Boys and Girls. Specimen copies, five cents, mailed free.
Nov. 2—75-tf

THE QUEEN'S MEMORIAL, OR MEMOIRS OF PRINCE ALBERT, by Queen Victoria. 1 vol. 12 mo. Cloth. Price $2 00.
THE GREAT REBELLION.—Its secret history, rise, progress and disastrous failure. By Jno. Minor Botts, of Virginia. Price $2.
THE PEOPLE THE SOVEREIGNS.—being a comparison of the government of the U. S. with those of the Republics which have existed before, with the causes of their decadence and fall, by Jas. Monroe, Ex-President of the U. S. 1 vol., 12 mo. Price $2,00.
For sale by J. H. ENNISS,
Oct. 17—41-tf N. C. Book Store, Raleigh.

CORN! CORN!
500 bushels for sale.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Oct. 26—49-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR RENT FOR 1868.
The Dwelling House, Office, &c., opposite the Bank of N. C.
Oct. 30—72-2aw2w T. H. SELBY.

MISCELLANEOUS.
PERUVIAN GUANO!!
I am daily expecting a small lot of "Genuine Peruvian Guano." Wheat-Growers, try it.
DOUGLAS BELL,
Nov. 1—74-tf Market Square.

LOST OR MISLAID.
One Note on William Powell, Jr., for one hundred and seventeen dollars, dated the 14th March, 1860, made payable to Caswell Powell, Administrator of William Powell Sr., deceased. I hereby notify and forbid all persons against trading for the same CASWELL POWELL.
Wake Co., Nov. 1—74-1w

WANTED,
BY A YOUNG LADY, who can offer the very best references, a place as Teacher or Governess in a private family, (a situation in Raleigh preferred) to teach English, French, Music, &c. Address Box No 116, Charlotte, N. C.
Oct 30—72-1w

FRESH ARRIVALS
At L. E. Heartt's Old Stand!
DeLaines, Calicoes, French Merinos, Empress Cloths.
ANTICIPATING A DECLINE IN GOODS, we purchased lightly early in the season, and, by recent arrivals, we are enabled to sell at reduced prices.
We keep up with the Times.
Oct. 31—74-tf

A CARD.
CAN I OBTAIN ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF WILLIAM HOOPER, JOSEPH HEWES, and JOHN PENN, signers of the Declaration of Independence in 1776, or any one of them? Or can portraits in oil be obtained? Sold, hired, or loaned, to be copied? Or can autographs, mere signatures of the name, or larger documents, be had? If so, on what terms? They are desired for an unique and important historical collection. Address me, *with specific statement of terms*, 221 West 34 St., New York, or, until 27th of November, care Rev. Mr. Dalley, Wilmington, N. C.
CHARLES F. DEEMS,
Pastor of the "Church of the Strangers," N. Y.
Oct. 31—73-tf
N. B.—All North Carolina papers friendly to the early fame of the State, will oblige by copying and calling attention to this card.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY,
For the Benefit of the Masonic Orphan's Home.
Extra Class "C," Capital Prize, $20,000.
Tickets $1,00.
Will be drawn in public at ATLANTA, Ga., on WEDNESDAY, 6TH NOVEMBER, 1867.
GREAT SCHEME:
Class "G," Capital Prize..... $60,000.
To be drawn on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of NOVEMBER, 1867, in open public.
Whole Tickets $12; Halves $6; Quarters $3; Eighths $1 50.
In this Great Scheme there are 418 Prizes, amounting to $180,000
Address all orders to
BOYD, WILSON & CO.,
MANAGERS, Atlanta, Ga.
Oct 30—72-4Nov13

Tin Ware at Wholesale.
THE UNDERSIGNED desires to call the attention of Merchants to his establishment for the manufacture of
Tin Ware for the Trade.
He claims to sell at wholesale, AT AS LOW RATES as the Merchant can buy in New York or Baltimore, with Freight added.
He asks a trial from those who are disposed to encourage and assist in building up a Home Enterprise.
He pledges himself that his prices shall give satisfaction, and that his ware shall be of good quality.
Price Lists will be sent to any address on application.
Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass will be taken at best market rates, instead of cash, delivered at any point on the Railroad.
E. H. POGUE,
Oct 11—55-eod3m Hillsboro', N. C.

NOTICE.
BY A DECREE OF THE COURT OF EQUITY of Hertford County, Fall Term, 1867, I shall sell at public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 2nd day of November next,
TWO TRACTS OF LAND,
belonging to the estate of the late Abner J. Perry, dec'd.
The HOME TRACT, containing, by estimate, 780 acres, adjoining the lands of Dr. G. C. Moore and Jas. Taylor, dec'd, will be sold on a credit of one and two years, interest from date, with bond and approved security.
The BRICK HOUSE TRACT contains three hundred and fifty acres, adjoining the first mentioned Tract and the lands of Jordan J. Horton and others. One-third of this Tract, or one-third of the purchase money, will be cash; on the other two-thirds one and two years time will be given, with bond and good security, and interest from date. Excepting the cost in both will be cash.
Oct. 8—53-2taw2w J. A. VANN, C. M. E.

MARY'D DEPOSITORY M. E. CHURCH SOUTH.
H. H. MARTINDALE, OF N. C.,
WITH
SELBY AND DULANY,
Publishers, Booksellers
AND
STATIONERS,
339 West Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
N. R. SELBY, Aug 5-304-2aw3m | W. J. C. DULANY.

MRS. WINSLOW'S
SOOTHING SYRUP.
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is
SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.
Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and
Relief and Health to your Infants.
We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance to EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.
Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.
Be sure and call for
"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"
Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.
Sold by Druggists throughout the world.
Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.
OFFICES:
215 Fulton Street, New York,
205 High Holborn, London, England,
441 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.
Aug. 30—20-eod1m

HENRY GWYNN, of Baltimore. | R. B. COTTEN, Late of N. C. | WALTER GWYNN, JR., Late of S. Carolina.
GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
105 *West Lombard Street,*
BALTIMORE.
Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDISE solicited.
Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.
Sept. 30—45-eod3m&w3m

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.
THOMAS SMITH,
NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,
PETERSBURG, Va.
THE LARGEST STOCK OF
DRY GOODS
IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.
IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:
Ladies' Dress Goods.
Black and colored Silks, in great variety, Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merinos, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Biarritz, Valentines Delaines Mousselines, single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.
Embroideries and Laces.
Hanburg Edgings, Hanburg Insertings, Hanburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Cluny Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Guiper and Honiton Laces, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs,
Sundries.
Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., China and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.
Mourning Department.
Gro. Grain and Rept Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Tiness, Canton Cloth, Bearett, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velountines, Persian Cloths, Mousalines, Challies, Alpacas and Mohair, all of the very best, Lempin's celebrated manufacture.
White Goods.
Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Muff Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, PeKay Marseilles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss, Brilliants, Patent skirting.
Ladies' Furnishing Goods.
Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery, great variety, for Misses, Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored, Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted, Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.
Domestics.
Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denmins, Hickery, Huckery, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.
Housekeeping Department.
Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Gloss Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marseilles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.
Gents' Furnishing Goods.
All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it.
THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59-2w

WHOLESALE DRUG TRADE.
JORDAN & CARR.
(Successors to Geo. B. Jones & Co.)
CORNER SYCAMORE AND WASHINGTON STS.
PETERSBURG, VA.,
HAVE THE pleasure to announce to the Merchants of
VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA,
the reception of one of the largest and most complete stocks of
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs, Window-Glass, Garden, Yard and Field Seeds, Surgical and Dental Instruments, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, &c.,
TO BE FOUND IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.
Their entire stock was purchased from first hands for CASH, and they feel confident they can

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in firm at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1867.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

RATIFICATION MEETING!

There will be a meeting of the Conservatives of Wake, at the Court House, in this City, on Wednesday night, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of the Convention, on Thursday last. *All* the friends of Constitutional Union are invited to be present. Come out, people of Wake, and let us have a grand rally!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Dr. E. A. Crudup and H. W. Montague, Executors of Seth Jones, Deceased, will sell at public auction, on a liberal credit, on the 5th. prox., the valuable and highly improved landed estate of the testator. We invite particular attention to their announcement.

Kader Biggs & Co., General Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.: See the new advertisement of this capital firm, which we have, heretofore, had the pleasure of commending to the confidence of our North Carolina Public.

Agricultural Ware House, &c.: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

Fine Cockade City Ale: Pulliam, Jones & Co.

A magnificent assortment of Groceries: W. Robert Andrews, Fayetteville Street.—There is no superior stock, we suppose, in North Carolina.

Direct Trade with Liverpool: W. D. Reynolds & Bro., Agents, Norfolk, Va., and A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Agent, Raleigh. The fine steamer Propontis will commence loading in Norfolk about the 15th. Cotton will be received by the Agents at New York rates, thereby placing the planter on a footing with New York merchants, and saving the expense of freight to New York. Nothing charged for forwarding. Liberal advances made on consignments. We shall be pleased to allude to this important enterprize more at length hereafter.

THERE is living in this City a venerable and excellent citizen, one of whose ancestors was for more than twenty years disfranchised, and denied all political privileges, by the Puritans of Massachusetts, for a bold, honest and zealous opposition to their proscription and persecution of the Quakers. The gentleman, in question, is himself now disfranchised for standing by the rights of his people, by the modern Puritans. He has reason to be proud of the record of his ancestor, and no cause to be ashamed of his own!

WE LEARN from the author, L. P. Olds, Esq., that the work on Miracles, so highly commended by some of the ablest Theological talent in America, and urged for speedy publication as a complete defence against Transcendentalism, and which was destroyed at Nashville, Tenn., by the Federal army, leaving not a line in duplicate, has recently been restored, by giving us the: "Outlines of the Lost Work on Miracles; its aims and teachings; with some account of its loss.—The whole preceded by a condensed history of past and present Infidel Heterodoxy in Europe and America."

We would also state, for the information of those desiring and expecting to hear the lecture on "Language, as the voice of Latitudes," by the same writer, that, for lack of proper musical illustrations, it can only be delivered in the larger cities.

PARDONED.—Governor Worth issued on yesterday a warrant of pardon for Emma Johnston, late a slave of Jas. C. Johnston, dec'd, convicted of the crime of murder, and sentenced to be hanged at Halifax, the 29th. inst. The extenuating circumstances of this case, the extreme ignorance of the person, and the doubt upon the mind of the Judge and Solicitor, impelled them to urge upon Gov. Worth executive clemency, and he yields to their convictions and grants a pardon.

ESCAPED JAIL.—We learn, by a letter from Hillsboro', that John Yarbrough, charged with horse stealing; George Worthington, for picking the Sheriff's pocket and taking his pocket book and contents; William Bialock, for horse stealing, and Charles Smith, for larceny, escaped from the county jail of Orange county, on the night of the 31st. ult., and made their escape.

Yarbrough is a tall, spare made man, long black hair and black moustache, and about six feet, one or two inches high, fair complexion, about 25 years old, and hails from Georgia. Worshington is about 22 years old, about five feet, ten inches high, dark hair, dark moustache, dark complexion, and hails from Baltimore. Bialock is about 23 years old, light hair, light complexion, little bald-headed, about five feet, eight inches high. Smith is a small man, light hair, sallow complexion and about five feet, eight or ten inches high.

MEMORIAL CEMETERY.—We are requested by Mrs. L. O'B. Branch, President of the Wake Memorial Association, to state that all persons desirous of contributing evergreens for the Cemetery are requested to notify Mr. Waters, (the Superintendent,) at their earliest convenience. It is particularly desired that all transplanting shall be completed this month.

MASONIC INSURANCE CO.—We are pleased to observe that a Masonic Insurance Company has been organized in this State under very encouraging auspices. Headquarters, Newbern. Daniel T. Carraway, President; J. P. Dillingham, Secretary. Among the Directors, we notice the name of Dr. W. G. Hill, of this City. Any Mason, desiring to become a member of this Company, and desiring information relative to its plan of operation, can procure it upon application to the officers of his Lodge.

NEW FIRM.—We learn that a new General Variety and Commission Store will be opened, to-day, in the building east of the Market Square, opposite the Mayor's Office, under the auspices of E. J. Parish & Co. Mr. P. is an energetic young gentleman, of good taste and considerable experience in his line, and will doubtless serve the public acceptably.

STATE ITEMS.

——The Presbyterian Synod of this State was organized in Newbern, on Wednesday afternoon last. Rev. A. Curry, of Graham, is Moderator. On Friday, addresses on the subject of education were delivered by Rev. G. W. McPhail, D. D., President of Davidson College, Rev. C. H. Wiley and Prof. Sterling.

——The Henderson *Index* mentions a sad accident. A few days since, while the son of Mr. Wortham, of that vicinity, was cutting oats with a Straw cutter, in feeding the machine he ran his hand too far in, and had it badly and painfully mangled by the knives. Dr. W. T. Cheatham was called in and skilfully performed the necessary operation. While dressing the wound, a younger son, not knowing of the accident, commenced working the machine, and met with the same accident, in the same manner, though not to so serious an extent as the first.

——The stage between Washington and Tarboro, while endeavoring to cross a creek, near the latter place, on Monday last, which had been greatly swollen by the rains, was completely overturned,—the driver only escaping by swimming. The horses were extricated after considerable difficulty, but the U. S. Mail was lost, and has not since been recovered. It is fortunate there were no passengers, as, confined within the close vehicle, they must have found a watery grave.

——Five marriage licenses were issued by the County Court Clerk of New Hanover on Friday. The *Star* says "all the *brave* men were not killed during the war."

——The Wilmington *Star* says that the cash orders of Dr. Lawrence, of Wilson, for his "Rosadalis," amount to over $200 per day. He is about putting up a large brick building, and getting new chemical apparatus, to increase his facilities for supplying the demands.

——Capt. Benj. Smith, late of Anson Co., died of yellow fever, in Texas, recently. Capt. Smith was Quartermaster of the late 14th N. C. T., during the latter part of the war, and was deservedly popular with his Regiment.

HOW TO GET THE WHITE MAN'S PROPERTY.—At a negro meeting recently held in North Carolina the principal speaker declared that the best way for negroes to obtain the ascendancy was to fill all the official places, and then so to tax the white man's land as to compel him to part with it.—High taxes, said Sambo, will do the business for Massa and give us all the land and property we need. Some white Jacobin, of course, put this idea into Sambo's head.

SUFFRAGE.—"Data" telegraphs to the Baltimore *Sun* that a Radical member of Congress now here has already prepared a bill, providing for national suffrage by act of Congress. It differs in material respects from similar bills presented by Mr. Sumner last session, and confines the suffrage to elections for national officials.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.—From indications it would seem that the Radicals will insist upon continuing the session of the Fortieth Congress until its legal termination—that is, until the 4th of March, 1869.—Nearly all the Republican members who have lately visited the metropolis concur in this opinion.—*Nat. Intel.*

The fact has for a year past been notorious here that the Radical programme embraced, for the future, the incorporation of Hayti into the "Union," the absorption of Cuba by invasion of negro fillibusters, and the settlement of the "Alabama claims" by the purchase of Jamaica from England.—*Wash. letter in Baltimore Gazette.*

John Mitchel says of that prowling and insatiate fillibuster Garibaldi: We have not now, and never had, any sympathy with Garibaldi, who is the embodiment of simple revolt against all order and authority. His party is that of the *solidaires* who now infest France, Belgium and Italy, and we desire to see a bit put between his teeth, and if needful a pair of fetters on his wrists.

The negroes of Norfolk had a parade on Wednesday in honor of the radical triumph in the late election. Two of the marshals were white negroes.

Ex-Senator James W. Wall, of New Jersey, who was a prisoner of State in Fort Lafayette, is anxious for a meeting and association of the former prisoners in "Lincoln Bastiles."

Of the one hundred and twelve members drawn for the jury in a county in Louisiana, but twenty-five are white men.

MARRIED,

On 24th ult., in Wadesboro, by Rev. E. W. Thompson, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. W. O. Bennett to Miss Rosa M. Hammond, daughter of H. B. Hammond, Esq.

DIED,

At the residence of his son-in-law, Dr. Jno. R. Thompson, of Wayne county, on Monday, the 28th ult., Redin Richardson, Esq., aged about 65 years.

COTTON GINS, COTTON PRESSES Horse Powers. H. L. Emery & Son's Universal Gin and Condenser, The Georgia Cotton Gin, Gullet's Steel Brush Gin, Ingersoll's Cotton Press, Lever and Railway Horse Powers, Cotton Bagging, Baling Rope, Patent Cotton Ties, Leath'r and Rubber Belting, Law Leather, &c.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO., Newbern, N. C.

Aug. 26—20-1t

TELEGRAPHIC.

Saturday Afternoon Dispatches.

THE GEORGIA ELECTIONS.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 2, M.

Richmond county, yesterday, gave 293 votes.

Dalton, Whitaker county, has polled 1,108 votes—900 for Convention.

Murray county gives 700 majority for Convention.

Rome, total polled 1,425—Convention a little ahead.

It is rumored that Chattanooga and Bartow counties voted against a Convention.

Marietta gives, so far, 659 for a Convention.—Very few whites voted.

Total vote of Americus 1,612, all for Convention; no white votes.

Albany total 1,753—all for Convention. Three whites voted.

Macon, total 1,699; four whites voted.

LaGrange, 1804 polled—all for Convention. Only twelve whites voted.

The Conservative papers denounce General Pope's extension of the election as illegal, and contrary to the law authorizing the election.

REGISTRATION IN NEW YORK CITY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2, M.

The total registration in this city up to last night was 106 290. Registration continues to-day. The total registration last year, when the Democrats had 47,185 majority, was only 102,142.

The Democrats have been exceedingly anxious about this registration, but yesterday's work (61,088) relieved them. They now regard the S ate as certain by a handsome majority.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2, M.

Cotton quiet, 19½.

Turpentine 54@55. Rosin, Common 3,45@$3,50.

Gold $1,41¼.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 2, M.

Cotton quiet and steady; sales 8,000 bales

Monday Morning Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, P. M.

The Memphis and Charleston Rail Road has paid its indetedness to the Government, amounting to $370,000.

The Southern Rail Road Committee has concluded taking evidence. It is said the Committee will report in favor of certain roads.

Gen. Grant has issued an order, to the officers belonging to stations in the South, who have been absent on account of yellow fever, to proceed to their stations in time to be present thereat on the 30th. of this month

Revenue to-day $1,929,000; for week $6,190,000, Fiscal year $73,880,000.

The New York *Times* has the following Washington special: "Previous to the suspension of Secretary Stanton, he fixed November 1st. as the time when certain of the Railroads, to which the President had granted extension on their indebtedness, should expire."

The Nashville and Chattanooga Road a short time since made application to Gen. Grant for a further extension beyond this date. He has decided that no more extension will be granted to Southern Railroads.

Gen. Howard has made his annual report to Gen. Grant. He says the amount of abandoned land in possession of the Bureau is 215,024 acres. And the number of pieces of town property is 959.

GEORGIA ELECTION.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 2, P. M.

This district has gone for Convention by about 300 majority. The total city vote is 2,511. County 1,423.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 2, P. M.

The result of the weeks farce in Muscogee county is 1 744 votes polled, all for Convention.—About 50 whites voted. The Convention has a majority of over 200 of the registered votes.

The great stinkee, Ashburn J. G. Maul, of Alabama, Thos. Gilbert of Chattanooga County, Van Jour, of Columbus, and J. C. Cosby, of Marion—the last two being negroes—are elected.

THE ITALIAN AFFAIRS.

LONDON, Nov. 2, P. M.

The French have entered Rome. The Italian reserve is called out. It is said that Prussia pledges her support to Italy. The relations between Prussia and Italy cause much anxiety.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2, P. M.

Flour, Southern $10@$14.

Corn dull, $1,36@1,38.

Pork lower, $21@21,31.

Cotton lower, 18½@19.

Rice dull. Carolina 9½@10.

Turpentine 53½@54½. Rosin $3,56@$3.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2 P. M.

Wheat dull. Good to prime red $2,50@2,60.

Corn declining. New $1.00@1,15.

Cotton 18@18½.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 2, P. M.

Turpentine active, downward tendency, 57.—Rosin steady, $2 70 for common, $2,73 for No. 2. Tar $2,70.

Cotton dull and nominal.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 2, P. M.

Cotton declined ½. Sales 600. Middling 17@17¼. Receipts 1,600 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 2 P. M.

Cott on dull, unchanged.

LONDON, Nov. 2, P. M.

Bonds 70 1-16.

SPECIAL NOTICES

NEW MARRIAGE GUIDE.

AN ESSAY FOR YOUNG MEN, on Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases, incident to Youth and Early Manhood, which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge.—Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sept 27—44-3m

M. ROSENBAUM,

No. 10 Fayetteville St.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the citizens of Raleigh, and the public in general, to his newly imported stock of GENTS' READE MADE CLOTHING, and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS; GENTS' and BOYS HATS of the latest styles, together with a large stock of Gent's and Boys BOOTS AND SHOES, of the finest makes. All of which will be sold at prices to suit everybody.

Oct. 7—52-tf

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat,

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For **Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,** Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

OBTAIN only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Oct. 28—69-eod3m

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

A beautiful assortment just to hand. Prices from 50 cents to $10.00.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,

Sept 13—tf Raleigh, N. C.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	40c
" Cape Fear	20½
" Charlotte	25½
" Wadesboro	20
" Wilmington	25½
" Bonboro	50
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	19
" Commerce	16½
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10½
" Washington	13
" Yanceyville	11½
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners'and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	25
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.,	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-208-3m*

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	48
" Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	24
" Lexington, at Graham	23½
" Boxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	23½
" Commerce	12
" Washington	10
" Fayetteville	9
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	32
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	23½
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	140
Silver	133
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	20@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	20@22½
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@12
BUTTER	40@50
COTTON	13@14
CHICKENS, Spring	20@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 25
HERRINGS	$5 50@$10
HIDES—Green	10c per lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	75@$1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 50
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 25@2 00
POTATOES—Irish	1 00@1 25
" Sweet	50@2 75
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Cotton a shade better.

Flour steady.

Supply of Bacon equal to demand and prices steady.

NORFOLK MARKET.

REPORTED WEEKLY FOR THE RALEIGH SENTINEL BY COWAND AND HARRISS, *General Commission Merchants, 26 Commerce Street.*

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 30, 1867.

SPECIE—Gold, buying $1.39; selling $1.42. Silver, buying $1.27; selling $1.32.

BEEF—Family $30; Mess $26; Extra Mess $28; Prime $22.

BACON—Hog round, 17c; Virginia Hams 18@22, Sides 17@18; Shoulders 14@15.

COTTON—16@19, according to quality.

CORN—White $1.25, Mixed $1.20; Yellow $1.26.

FLOUR—Family $14,00@$16,00; Extra $12,50@$14 50; Superfine $10,25@$11,75; Fine $9,25@$9,75.

GUANO—Peruvian $85 cash

LARD—14@16.

LIME—W. City $2,25; Rockland $1.75; Rockport $1.30.

MEAL—$1.50.

OATS—68c.

PORK—Mess $25,50@$27,00; Prime $23,00.

STAVES—W. O. Pipe, $20@$25; Culls $45@$50; Heading $30; Culls $20; Hhds $32; Culls $20; R. O. Hhds. $45,00; Culls $26.

SHINGLES—Hearts $12,50@$15,00; Saps $9,50@$12 00.

TAR—Per bbl. $1,90@$2 00.

WHEAT—White $1,55@$2,40; Red $1,45@$2,30.

APPLES—Dried, 5@6c.

PEACHES—Dried, 12@14.

Richmond Markets.

Wheat, $1,75@2,80.

Corn, $1,33@1,37.

Tobacco, Lugs, $5@$40.

" Leaf, $7,50@$100.

Petersburg Markets.

Cotton, 17½.

Tobacco (Lugs,) $5@$31, according to quality

" Leaf $8,50@$175.

Corn, $1,25@$1,30.

Bacon: Va., 17@18, hog round. Western Shoulders 16@16½; Sides 18½@19.

Flour, $12@$15, according to quality.

Salt, $3,40@$3,50.

Newbern Markets.

Flour, $9 50@$20 50.

Pork, (Mess,) $24@$27.

Hams, (N. C.) 16@18c.

Corn $1,15.

Cotton, (Tax unpaid,) 17½@18½c.

Turpentine $2,25@$3,50.

[The Wilmington Markets are generally reported by telegraph. The foregoing are all regularly corrected.]

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

IN OBEDIENCE to a decree of the Superior Court of Law for the County of Franklin, I shall proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the town of Louisburg, on Tuesday the 10th day of December, 1867, all the Real Estate of Fannie Nichols, deceased, (subject to the dower of his widow,) lying in the Counties of Franklin and Nash, consisting of

Two Hundred and Sixty-four Acres,

adjoining the lands of Dr. Gray Sills and Dr. Jno. W. Jackson and Benjamin Wheless.

The said land will be sold under the decree of the Court, to make assets for the payment of debts. It lies within less than one mile of a good and permanent school and a Church, in a healthy, moral and intelligent community, and presents a most favorable opportunity for persons wishing to find a pleasant home. All such are invited to examine for themselves.

TERMS: Twelve months' credit; bond, with good security. JOHN CHAMBLEE, Adm'r.

Oct. 29—70-4d With the Will annexed.

J. M. S. ROGERS, W. J. ROGERS.
Late of Northampton County, N. C.

J. M. S. ROGERS & SON,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 23, COMMERCE STREET,

Norfolk, Va.

☞ Will attend to the sale of COTTON, CORN, BACON, GRAIN, LUMBER, NAVAL STORES, and all Marketable Produce.

☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

Oct. 28—68-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO COTTON PLANTERS.

We offer at reduced prices,
50 bales heavy Gunny Cloth.
200 Coils Rope.
10 tons Dillon's Universal Iron Ties.
5 tons Beard's Patent Lock Ties.

WORTH & DANIEL,

Oct. 25—68-5t Wilmington, N. C.

SWEET CARDENAS MOLASSES.

100 hhds sweet **CARDENAS MOLASSES** in store and for sale by

WORTH & DANIEL,

Oct. 25—68-2w Wilmington, N. C.

HAVANA ORANGES.

60,000 Sweet **HAVANA ORANGES** daily expected per Brig "S. F. Brown," from Havana direct, for sale by

WORTH & DANIEL,

Oct. 25—68-1w Wilmington, N. C.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE,

For sale by all Grocers.

Oct. 23—65-13m

Important Railroad Arrangement.

PASSENGERS can now purchase THROUGH TICKETS at the Office of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, at Raleigh, N. C., via the

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, to

Memphis, Tenn., Cleveland, Ohio,
St. Louis, Mo., Detroit, Mich.,
Cincinnati, Ohio, St. Joseph, Mo.,
Louisville, Ky., Indianapolis, Ind.,
Milwaukie, Wis., Chicago, Ill.,
Pittsburg, Pa., Columbus, Ohio,

and all principal Cities in the Western and Southwestern States.

Tickets can be purchased either

VIA BAY LINE STEAMERS.

OR

Via Weldon and Richmond, Va.,

And

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH,

From Weldon to all Western Cities.

For Tickets and further information apply to J. M. POOL, Esq., General Ticket Agent, or to A. JONES, Esq., Ticket Agent Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, at Raleigh, N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
General Southern Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Trans., Balt. & O. R. R.

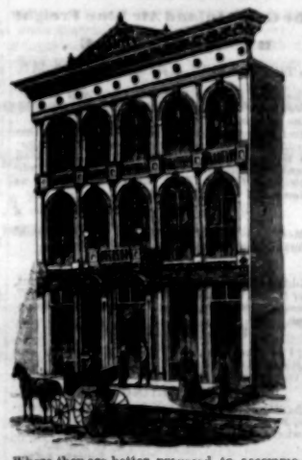
L. M. COLE,
Gen. Ticket Ag't. B. & O. R. R.

Oct. 22—65-tf

"OUR BANNER TO THE BREEZE"

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR NEW



Where they are better prepared to accommodate their numerous customers.

Their stock of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

Dress Goods, Cloaks and Bonnets,
Men's Wear,
Hats, Shoes,
Blankets, Domestic Goods,
House Furnishing Articles,
Carpets, Notions, &c., &c.,

Will be kept fully up with the markets, and our prices, compared with the quality of the articles, will command the patronage of the people.

REMEMBER OUR MOTTO:

"*Quick sales, small profits and fair dealing.*"

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Oct. 17—61-tf

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special department on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Music, Amusements etc., by the best authors, and profusely illustrated with costly engravings (full size,) useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife, or lady of taste can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies 30 cents; back numbers as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies $7 50; five copies, $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each, with the first premiums to each subscriber.

☞ A new Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for 20 subscribers at $3 each. Address,

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together $4, with the premiums for each.

Nov. 2—75-tf

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

CHEAP LIGHT.

SUPERIOR KEROSENE OIL.

Lamps of all kinds, Lamp Chimneys, and Wicks. Oil Cans. J. BROWN,

Raleigh, Sept. 21—59-tf With Hart & Lewis.

COOKING STOVES!

COOKING STOVES!!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ENDEAVOR TO keep constantly on hand a good assortment of COOKING STOVES.

The Stoves are bought in lots from the Manufacturer and fitted up here, and hence can be sold and are selling

At Reduced Rates!

He desires to call especial attention to the celebrated BUCK'S PATENT, which he warrants to give satisfaction in every instance.

Buck's Pat. No 6 with pipe and furniture,	$30,00
" " 7 " " "	35,00
" " 8 " " "	40,00

Low priced Stoves, from $18 to $25.

☞ Any kind of good BARTER will be taken in exchange. E. H. FOGLE.

Oct. 12—67-eod2m Hillsboro', N. C.

MEDICINES, &C.

THE GREAT

SOUTHERN BLOOD MEDICINE.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT

OF

ROSADALIS,

A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE

(AND THE ONLY ONE YET DISCOVERED)

FOR

SCROFULA.

IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS,

Such as Consumption, in its early stages, Enlargement and Ulceration of the Glands, Joints, Bones, Kidneys, Uterus, Chronic Rheumatism, Eruptions of the Skin, Chronic Sore Eyes, &c.

ALSO

SYPHILIS, in all its forms,

DISEASES OF WOMEN,

LOSS OF APPETITE,
SICK HEADACHE,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
PAIN IN THE BACK,
IMPRUDENCE IN LIFE,
GRAVEL,

GENERAL ILL HEALTH,

AND ALL DISEASES OF THE

Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder.

☞ It thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

It is perfectly harmless, never producing the slightest injury.

THE ROSADALIS

is not a secret Medicine. The articles from which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and recommended by the

MEDICAL FACULTY,

Wherever it has been introduced, as a POSITIVE and

RELIABLE MEDICINE,

FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLOOD, LIVER AND KIDNEYS.

Used and Endorsed by the leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., Chemist,

WILSON, N. C.

FOR SALE BY ALL THE PRINCIPAL DRUGGISTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA,

AND WHOLESALE BY

D. BARNES & CO., 21 Park Row, N. Y.
E. WILLIS, Wilmington, N. C.
CARR, DOYKIN & CO., 44 Light St., Baltimore.
J. H. BAKER, 14 Roanoke Avenue, Norfolk, Va.

Price $1.50 Per Bottle.

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Aug. 26—20-eod3m

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS FOR 1867.

Old Prices Reached the City and Stopped at

A. CREECH'S,

R. SMITH'S CORNER,

Fayetteville Street.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY FALL AND WINTER Stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

And I can say, with safety, that I have one among the largest and most complete stocks that has ever been brought to this City, either before or since the war,—embracing almost any and everything suitable for Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear.

CALICOES, 10, 12½, 15, and 18 cents per yard.

FRENCH MERINOS, 75 cts. to $1,25 per yard.

DELAINES, POPLINS, and a great variety of other Dress Goods, embracing all the new novelties of the season, and will be sold cheap enough to insure sales.

BROWN DOMESTICS, 12½, 15 and 20 cts. per yard.

BLEACHED DOMESTICS, 12½, 15, 20 and 25 cts. per yard, and all other goods in proportion.

Also, the largest and most varied stock of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
SATINETS,
TWEEDS,
AND KENTUCKY JEANS

I ever offered to the trade in this City, both as to prices and quality.

Also a very fine assortment of White and Colored FLANNELS,

LADIES' CLOAKS,
BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
SQUARE AND LONG SHAWLS,

which will be sold at prices to suit my customers.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED HATS.—new styles, from 50 cents to $4,00 each.

Boots and Shoes, Boots and Shoes,

The largest and best stock I ever brought to the City, consisting, in part, of J. Miles & Sons' make, and others of equally high standing.

Ladies' Pegged Balmorals, from $1 to $2.

Ladies Sewed Balmorals, from $1 50 to $3,50.

CREECH'S is the place to come to buy your Boots and Shoes.

Hats, Hats, Hats,

From 75 cts. to $4,00. Don't stop until you come to CREECH'S to buy your Hats. In fact, I think I can meet the expectations of all my customers and the public generally, both as to price and quality of ALL Goods.

Now a few words to my customers and friends: You see a great many different styles of advertisements. Some say they are in "luck again;" some say they have "hit the nail on the head;" some "selling out at cost;" some to "make room for a new stock;" some one thing and some another. But allow me to say, whether I am in luck, or whether I hit the nail on the head, or whether I missed the nail entirely, or failed to advertise "selling out at cost," I have sold out my *old stock*, (while *they* are still hammering away over their old stock,) and have been North and bought a new stock. My goods are now in Store, and opened for inspection.

COME AND LOOK AT THEM.

I told my customers, six months ago, that I would sell goods as cheap as Yankee, Jew or Gentile, and I think I have made my word good.

I told the people to come to Creech's to buy their goods, that I would serve them right. Hundreds have come, and they are still coming from this and adjoining Counties. And there take the privilege to say, I think they have shown their good judgment.

Don't forget to come to

A. CREECH'S

Sept. 13—39-tf Fayetteville Street.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

RECEIVED DAILY AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

COME ONE AND ALL, AND LOOK AT ONE of the finest collections of

DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS AND DELAINES,
FLANNELS, WHITE AND COLORED,
IRISH LINENS,
TABLE COVERS,
TOWELLINGS AND NAPKINS,
LACE CURTAINS,
BLANKETS, WHITE AND COLORED,

250 Square and Long Shawls

for Ladies and Children, to be sold at prices to suit the times.

Cloth Cloaks, Breakfast Shawls, Sontags, Nubias, Woolen Hoods, Balmoral Skirts, and Ladies', Gent's, Misses' and Children's

HOSIERY AND GLOVES

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Also a fine assortment of he reinforced

Miles & Son's Philadelphia Shoes.

INDIA RUBBER OVER-SHOES, for Ladies, Misses, and Children.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
SATINETS, JEANS,
AND KERSEYS,

For Men and Boys' wear.

Also a fine lot of Ladies' and Gent's Travelling Trunks, Valises, and Hand-Bags at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

☞ **And more Goods Coming.** ☜

Oct 7—52-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. W. YORK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office, 40 Fayetteville Street.

RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICES IN THE COURTS OF WAKE, Chatham and Orange, in the Supreme Court, and the United States Circuit Court for North Carolina.

☞ Collections made any where in the State, if the claim, (principal and interest,) amounts to $200.

☞ Special attention given to cases in

BANKRUPTCY.

Refers to—Hon. W. H. Battle and Hon. R. O. Reade, Judges of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.

September 5—tf.

BANK OF LEXINGTON.

OFFICE OF RECEIVER,
GREENSBORO', N. C., Sept. 14, 1867.

In obedience to instructions, contained in Special Orders, No. 121, issued by Major General D. E. Sickles, at Headquarters, Second Military District, Charleston, S. C.; I, the undersigned, having been therein appointed Receiver of the Bank of Lexington, do hereby give notice to all indebted to said Bank, that they must come forward and make payment within twelve months from this date.

All who do not comply with this notice will find their papers, without discrimination, placed immediately in a course of collection.

All who hold claims of any character against said Bank, are hereby notified to present them, properly authenticated, within twelve months from this date, otherwise they will be excluded from all benefit in the distribution of the assets then to be made.

Address: JESSE H. LINDSAY, Receiver,
Greensboro', Guilford Co., N. C.

Sept. 18—50-3m&w

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL,
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-267-6m

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

HOLLOW WARE, ANDIRONS, Spider Stands, Lined Bean Pots, Chimney Tops, Lined Muscle Knives, Griddles and Chafing Dishes, English Wafer and Waffle Irons.

J. BROWN,

Raleigh, Oct 21—tf With Hart & Lewis.

DAILY SENTINEL.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1867.

KUNEGUNDA.

The crescent moon is sailing through the ether,
Conveyed by fleets of stars upon her way;
Whilst wrapt in slumber deep the earth beneath her
Is sleeping off the fever of the day.

No sound is heard upon the lakeside—only
The lazy water lapping midst the weeds,
And night winds with a murmur sad and lonely,
Sighing soft music through the border reeds.

But hark! what is that sudden strain that swelleth,
So soft and low upon the midnight air?
The voice seems full of tears, and sweetly telleth
Of love unspeakable, and love's despair.

"As an angel thou art fair,
Kunegunda.
And the meshes of thy hair,
Bound me weave a golden snare,
Kunegunda.

"And the glory of thine eyes,
Kunegunda,
Like a glamor on me lies,
And my heart within me dies,
Kunegunda,

"Thou art high exceeding,
Kunegunda,
I am poor, of no degree,
Only rich in loving thee,
Kunegunda."

The singer little knows midst yonder myrtles
That there are list'ners to the song he weaves:
He does not see the flow of woman's kirtles,
The gems like fire-flies flashing through the leaves.

He sees not her who parts the leaves asunder,
And listens with soft, rapture-speaking eyes.
It is the maiden-queen, fair Kunegunda,
Who tries to catch the words, but vainly tries.

"I fain would know the purport of his singing,
My maidens wait for me a little space!"
And like a wild roe o'er the daisies springing,
She gain'd unmark'd the minstrel's resting place.

"Thou my boldness ne'er can'st blame,
Kunegunda,
Never wilt thou know my flame,
None shall hear me breathe thy name,
Kunegunda.

"Only when the night winds blow,
Kunegunda,
Dare I name it soft and low,
They alone my secret know,
Kunegunda.

"They are kind, for they reply,
Kunegunda,
To my song—sigh for sigh,
I must love thee, or I die,
Kunegunda."

With finger to her parted lips she listed,
To drink the melting accents as they fell,
And soon sweet tears upon her eyelid glisten'd
To learn that she was loved so passing well.

"This is love for which my heart is yearning,
To love for mine own self and nothing more;"
And bending down, her cheeks with blushes burning
She whispered, "Live and love me, Troubadour!"

TAKING A DISLIKE

An ill-natured fellow quarrelled with his sweetheart on the day they were to be married. After the ceremony had begun, he was asked:

"Do you take this woman to be your wedded wife," etc.

He replied, "No!"

"What is the reason?" asked the minister.

"I've taken a dislike to her, and that's enough," was the surly reply.

The party retired—the bride in tears—and, after much persuasion, the groom was induced to have the marriage proceed. It was now the lady's turn, and when the minister asked the all-important question—

"No!" said she, resolutely, "I've taken a dislike to him."

The groom, admiring her spunk, made up with her as soon as possible, and a third time they presented themselves before the minister, who began the ceremony by asking the usual questions, which were satisfactorily answered this time. But to the astonishment of the party the minister continued:

"Well, I'm glad to hear that you are willing to take each other for husband and wife, for it is a good thing to be of forgiving tempers. You can go now and get married where you will—I will not tie the knot, for I have taken a dislike for both of you."

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS,

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DEWEWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OSBEN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agent, Washington
BARTHER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co. " Salisbury.

BUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.,
Aug 6-305-6m Gen'l Agents for N. C.

"ÆTNA"

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ASSETS $7,000,000.

THIS COMPANY ISSUES TEN YEAR NON-FORFEITING ENDOWMENT POLICIES, contracting to pay the amount insured at death or the specified time.

An endowment policy presents the double attraction of providing for one's family or other dependents, in case he should be cut off before a specified age, or of securing to himself independence, in case he attains the age. Thus insuring for ten years, a note for one half of the cost will be taken by paying six per cent interest.

This plan gives, in addition to all the advantages of life insurance, a safe and convenient INVESTMENT for one's savings, till they have accumulated to a definite amount; which he receives in one sum at the specified time.

W. H. CROW, Gen'l Agent,
Oct. 5—41-1m At Raleigh, N. C.

Gen. Canby's Election Order.

HEADQ'RS SECOND MILITARY DIST.,
CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 16, 1867.

General Orders No. 101.

By the terms of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," passed Mar. 2d, 1867, and of the Acts of March 23d, and July 19th, 1867, supplementary thereto,—it is made the duty of the Commanding General of this Military District to cause a registration to be made of the male inhabitants of the State of North Carolina, of the age of twenty-one years and upwards and qualified by the terms of said Acts to vote, and after such registration is complete, to cause an election to be held at which the registered voters of said State shall vote for or against a Convention, for the purpose of establishing a Constitution and civil government for the said State, loyal to the Union, and for delegates to said Convention; and to give at least thirty days' notice of the time and place at which said election shall be held; and the said registration having been conducted in the State of North Carolina, It is ordered:

First, That an election be held in the State of North Carolina, commencing on Tuesday, the 19th day of November, 1867, and ending on Wednesday, the 20th day of November, 1867, at which all registered voters of said State may vote "For a Convention," or "Against a Convention," and for delegates to constitute the Convention—in case a majority of the votes given on that question, shall be for a Convention, and in case a majority of the registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such Convention.

Second. It shall be the duty of the Boards of Registration in North Carolina, commencing fourteen days prior to the election herein ordered, and giving reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of five days the registration lists, and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered to strike the name of such person from the list; and such person shall not be entitled to vote. The Boards of Registration shall also, during the same period, add to such registers the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said Acts—who have not already been registered.

Third. In deciding who are to be stricken from or added to the registration lists, the Boards will be guided by the law of March 2d, 1867, and the laws supplementary thereto and their attention is specially directed to the Supplementary Act of July 19th, 1867.

Fourth. The said election will be held in each County or District at such places as may hereafter be designated, under the superintendence of the Boards of Registration as provided by law and in accordance with instructions hereafter to be given to said Boards in conformity with the Acts of Congress and as far as may be with the laws of North Carolina.

Fifth. All Judges and Clerks employed in conducting said election shall, before commencing to hold the same, be sworn to the faithful performance of their duties, and shall also take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

Sixth. The polls shall be opened at such voting places at eight o'clock in the forenoon, and closed at four in the afternoon, of each day, and shall be kept open during these hours without intermission or adjournment.

Seventh. No member of the Board of Registration, who is a candidate for election as a delegate in the Convention, shall serve as a Judge of the election in any County or District which he seeks to represent.

Eighth. The Sheriff and other peace officers of each County are required to be present during the whole time the polls are kept open, and until the election is completed; and will be made responsible that there shall be no interference with Judges of elections, or other interruption of good order. If there should be more than one polling place in any County, the sheriff of the County is empowered to make such assignments of his deputies, and other peace officers, to the other polling places, as may, in his judgment, best subserve the purposes of quiet and order; and he is further required to report these arrangements in advance to the Commander of the Military Post in which his County is situated.

Ninth. Violence, or threats of violence, or of discharge from employment, or other oppressive means to prevent any person from registering, or exercising his right of voting, is positively prohibited, and any such attempts will be reported by the registrars or Judges of elections to the Post Commander, and will cause the arrest and trial of the offenders by military authority.

Tenth. All bar rooms, saloons, and other places for the sale of liquors by retail, will be closed from 6 o'clock of the evening of the 18th of November, until 6 o'clock of the morning of the 21st of November, 1867, and during this time the sale of all intoxicating liquors at or near any polling place is prohibited. The police officers of cities and towns, and the Sheriffs and other peace officers of Counties, will be held responsible for the strict enforcement of this prohibition, and will promptly arrest and hold for trial all persons who may transgress it.

Eleventh. Military interference with elections "unless it shall be necessary to repel the armed enemies of the United States, or to keep the peace at the polls," is prohibited by the Act of Congress approved February 25th, 1865, and no soldiers will be allowed to appear at any polling place, unless as citizens of the State they are qualified and are registered as voters, and then only for the purpose of voting; but the Commanders of Posts will keep their troops well in hand on the days of election, and will be prepared to act promptly if the civil authorities are unable to preserve the peace.

Twelfth. The returns required by law to be made to the Commander of the District of the results of this election, will be rendered by the Boards of Registration of the several registration precincts through the Commanders of the Military Posts in which their precincts are situated, and in accordance with the detailed instructions hereafter to be given.

Thirteenth. The number of delegates to the Convention is determined by law and is the number of members of the most numerous branch of the Legislature for the year eighteen hundred and sixty, and this number, one hundred and twenty, is apportioned to the representative Districts of the State in the ratio of registered voters as follows:

Counties of Burke and McDowell, (together)	Two (2) Delegates.
Rutherford and Polk (together)	Two (2) Delegates.
Yancey and Mitchell (together)	One (1) Delegate.
Madison, Buncombe, Henderson and Transylvania (together)	Three (3) Delegates
Haywood and Jackson (together)	One (1) Delegate.
Macon, Clay and Cherokee (together)	Two (2) Delegates.
Alleghany, Ashe, Surry, Watauga and Yadkin (together)	Four (4) Delegates
Caldwell, Wilkes, Iredell and Alexander (together)	Five (5) Delegates.
Davie and Rowan (together)	Three (3) Delegates
County of Cleaveland	One (1) Delegate.
Catawba	One (1) Delegate.
Lincoln	One (1) Delegate.
Gaston	One (1) Delegate.
Mecklenburg	Two (2) Delegates.
Union	One (1) Delegate.
Cabarrus	One (1) Delegate.
Stanley	One (1) Delegate.
Anson	Two (2) Delegates.
Stokes	One (1) Delegate.
Forsythe	One (1) Delegate.
Davidson	Two (2) Delegates.
Randolph	Two (2) Delegates.
Guilford	Two (2) Delegates.
Rockingham	Two (2) Delegates.
Caswell	Two Delegates.
Alamance	One (1) Delegate.
Person	One (1) Delegate.
Orange	Two (2) Delegates.
Chatham	Two (2) Delegates.
Wake	Four (4) Delegates.
Granville	Three (3) Delegates
Warren	Two (2) Delegates.
Franklin	Two (2) Delegates.
Cumberland	Two (2) Delegates.
Harnett	One (1) Delegate.
Moore	One (1) Delegate.
Montgomery	One (1) Delegate.
Richmond	One (1) Delegate.
Wayne	Two (2) Delegates.
Johnston	Two (2) Delegates.
Greene	One (1) Delegate.
Wilson	One (1) Delegate.
Nash	One (1) Delegate.
Halifax	Three (3) Delegates
Northampton	Two (2) Delegates.
Edgecombe	Three (3) Delegates
Lenoir	One (1) Delegate.
Brunswick	One (1) Delegate.
Columbus	One (1) Delegate.
Robeson	Two (2) Delegates.
Bladen	Two (2) Delegates.
New Hanover	Three (3) Delegates
Duplin	Two (2) Delegates.
Sampson	Two (2) Delegates.
Tyrrell and Washington (together)	One (1) Delegate.
Martin	One (1) Delegate.
Bertie	Two (2) Delegates.
Hertford	One (1) Delegate.
Gates	One (1) Delegate.
Chowan	One (1) Delegate
Perquimans	One (1) Delegate.
Pasquotank and Camden (together)	Two (2) Delegates.
Currituck	One (1) Delegate.
Craven	Three (3) Delegates
Onslow	One (1) Delegate.
Carteret	One (1) Delegate.
Jones	One (1) Delegate.
Beaufort	Two (2) Delegates.
Pitt	Two (2) Delegates.
Hyde	One (1) Delegate.

By command of Brevet Major General Ex. R. S. CANBY:
LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aid-de-Camp, A. A. A. G.

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD

AND

NORTH CAROLINA

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD,

From Charlotte and all Points on the N. Carolina and its Connecting Railroads, to the Seaboard at Newbern and Morehead City.

THE STATE OWNS THREE-FOURTHS OF the North Carolina Railroad and three-fourths of the ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. This is the

STATE LINE,

To its OWN SEAPORTS and on its OWN BOATS. All other lines are in opposition.

A six per cent dividend on this line will save the people from taxation $200,000 per annum.

Under a resolution of the stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, all Freights are to go via Goldsboro', unless otherwise specially directed by shippers.

When at Goldsboro', you are only sixty miles from the shipping point, instead of one hundred and sixty via Weldon, and eighty via Wilmington. Our Steamers are equal to any other line, both for Freight and Travel. Time as short as by any other, and as cheap.

THIS is the Line

To ENCOURAGE. You get dispatch, safety, but one handling, and less Railroad transportation than by any other line.

Three-fourths of the PROFITS made on this line go directly into the STATE TREASURY, and if encouraged, you will soon be relieved from heavy taxation to the least two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

The Railroads composing the N. C. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINE have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH LINE

Route to all the Northern Markets, on equal terms and charges, via our own ports to and from the North.

Cars run through to all points without breaking bulk.

For information about shipping, apply to Messrs.

WHEDBEE & DICKINSON, Baltimore.
COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., Philadelphia.
BAKER BROTHERS, Boston.
MURRAY & FERRIS, Agents for Murray's North Carolina Steamship Line, New York, and to myself:

J. V. JORDAN,
FREIGHT AGENT,
Aug. 21—21-tf Newbern, N. C.

☞ Charlotte News, Old North State, Statesville American, and Greensboro' Patriot publish one month, and send bills to office at Newbern.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the *ten Thousand* Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and *you are required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignments to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., *via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(*Via* Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co, 20 Light Street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh N. C

FOR SALE.

Best English Breakfast Tea, black.
" Gunpowder " green.
" Imperial " "
PULLIAM, JONES, & CO.,
Sept. 23—40-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

DRY GOODS.

FALL, 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

238 *Baltimore Street*,

BALTIMORE,

ASK MERCHANTS visiting Baltimore, to examine their large and elegant stock of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN DRY GOODS.

Robert Hull,
Thos. W. Atkinson,
Sam'l Hunter,
Wm. J. Hull,
S. Harris Hopkins.

Orders promptly executed.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

September 4—36-2m*

NEW BOOKS.

WESLEYAN HYMN AND TUNE BOOK,—comprising the entire collection of Hymns in the Hymn Book of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, with appropriate music adapted to each Hymn, by L. C. Everett. Price $2 50.

THE CHURCH SERVICE of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. This edition of the Sunday Service is published by order of the General Conference, at its session in New Orleans, May 9d, 1866, and is, except in a few particulars, a reprint of the Prayer Book printed on Mr. Wesley's press in 1787. Price $1 50.

THE SONGS OF ZION,—A manual of the best and most popular Hymns and Tunes, for social and private devotion. Enlarged edition. Price 75 cts. Address

JAS. H. ENNISS,
N. C. Book Store,
Oct. 17—41-tf Raleigh, N. C.

ROB'T H. COWAN, JNO. W. CAMERON, JAS. H. HILL.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION

AND

SHIPPING MERCHANTS and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and supplies of all kinds,

NO. 32 NORTH WATER STREET,

Wilmington, N. C.

Prompt and strict personal attention given to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores and General Produce, or other business entrusted to them.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.) celebrated brands of Virginia Chewing Tobacco.

Agents for the North American Life Insurance Co., of New York City.

Oct. 23—42-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—FACULTY.

A. B. CENAS, M. D., Emeritus Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
JAMES JONES, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
WARREN STONE, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
T. G. RICHARDSON, M. D., Professor of Anatomy.
J. W. MALLET, Ph. D., Professor of Chemistry.
SAMUEL M. BEMISS, M. D., Professor of the Theory and Practice of Medicine.
STANFORD E. CHAILLE, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Pathological Anatomy.
FRANK HAWTHORN, M. D., Professor *pro tem.* of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

DEMONSTRATORS OF ANATOMY.

WM. C. NICHOLS, M. D., C. J. BICKHAM, M. D.

The Thirtieth Annual Course of Instruction in this Institution will begin November 11th, and end in the following March. Preliminary lectures will be given daily in the Charity Hospital, commencing October 15th, at which time also the new and extensive rooms for Practical Anatomy will be opened. The facilities of the school, heretofore unsurpassed, have, by the liberality of the State Legislature, been greatly increased during the past season, so that now EVERY CHAIR HAS ATTACHED TO IT A PRACTICAL DEPARTMENT, in which students are taught to observe for themselves the facts set forth in the Lecture Room.

Fees for all the Lectures, $140; Matriculation, (paid but once) $5; Practical Anatomy, $10.—Payment required in advance.

For further information address

PROF. S. M. BEMISS,
Sept. 3—22-2m Acting Dean.

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance*. Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. N. CAIR, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

This Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine

IS OFFERED TO THE Public as a ready, certain and speedy means of preventing LARGE CONFLAGRATIONS.

Until the invention of the

Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine,

Fires have been met by means too slow, too late and too cumbrous. But few persons in this country have the advantage of large hand or Steam Fire Engines, and those few often suffer a total loss of their property by reason of the great length of time consumed in sending for and getting them into working order.

BUT NOT SO WITH THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER,

which, being kept charged and standing in your House, Store or Factory, is always

Ready for Instant Service.

The fire can be extinguished and your property saved without loss or damage, or even an alarm of Fire.

The first few minutes of conflagration decide the fate of the property; "a little fire is quickly put out, which, being suffered, rivers cannot quench."

THE EXTINGUISHER, being very simple in its operation, and entirely self-propelling, requires no previous skill or practice to operate it, and being so light, portable and self-acting, is capable of being used in any place, by any person, male or female.

It puts out all fires, arising from whatever cause.

You are saved from the immense water damage caused by large Engines.

You can effect insurance on your property

At Lower Rates,

if protected by the Extinguisher.

The Extinguisher is no humbug, as thousands of good men in Europe and America will testify. I have already put these little Engines into some of our best Factories and largest Schools in N. C.

No House, Store, Factory, or Corporation is safe without them.

The price is as nothing, compared with the protection they afford.

Send for a Circular,

LEWIS C. HANES,
General Agent for N. C.,
Lexington, N. C.

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. are my Agents for the City of Raleigh.

Sept. 10—30-3m L. C. H.

North Carolina Tobacco Ware House.

WALKER, FARRAR & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

General Commission and Forwarding Merchants.

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Manufactured TOBACCO to be found in the State. We have made arrangements with the manufacturers in Virginia and North Carolina to furnish their best brands to the Eastern North Carolina trade at Factory prices.

Also, the largest stock of Sugar, Coffee, Pork, Flour, Salt, Cotton Bagging, Rope, &c., to be found in this market.

Virginia and North Carolina Sheeting and Yarns, always on hand.

Manufacturers' Agents for Holt's celebrated Yarns, Shirtings and Checks.

Brick Block, Craven St., Newbern, N. C.

Sept. 24—41-2m

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Banks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—44 WM. E PELL, Proprietor.

No, 44 Fayetteville Street.

6 dozen Axle Grease,
50 Kegs Nails, assorted,
Black-Smiths' Anvils, Vices and Hammers,
Builders' Materials.
Also a large stock Cook Stoves.

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, Oct. 3, 1867.

NOW READY—A NEW SOUTHERN THEOlogical work:

What is Baptism?

By Rev T. B. Kingsbury, A. M., Pastor of the Baptist Church, Warrenton, N. C. A 12 mo. of 275 pages. In paper $1.00. In cloth $1.25. Liberal discount to the Trade. Cash on delivery.

Agents wanted to canvass in Virginia and North Carolina. Address all orders to the Author at Warrenton, N. C., or to WILLIAMS & LAMBETH, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 30—72-3t

CONGRESS TIE ENVELOPES.

For sale by

J. H. ENNISS,
Oct. 17—41-tf N. C. Book Store.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,

Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.

Office in the Standard building.

Raleigh, Sept. 21—39-3m

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG SCOTT & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,

New York.

Sept. 28—45- tf.

DRY GOODS.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON,

April 8-304-tf

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDLES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

FIRST OF THE SEASON!!

NO. 1 FAMILY MACKEREL.

Just received and for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Oct. 3, 1867. Market Square.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR

OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the SECOND EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to $3 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.

Send your orders to

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

SILVER PLATED Table and Tea Spoons, Forks, Mustard and Salt Spoons and Butter Knives, at reduced prices.

ALSO

Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Setts, Spoon and Fork and Knife and Fork Boxes.

J. BROWN,
Oct. 23—42 With Hart and Lewis.

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Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERT'S RUBR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Gaters.

mar 29-198

W. J. HAWKINS, J. J. THOMAS,
B. P. WILLIAMSON, C. M. HAWKINS.

HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.

No. 44 South Street,

NEAR EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

WE BEG TO REFER BY PERMISSION TO

George W. Mordecai, Esq., *Raleigh N. C.*
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Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., *Fayetteville, N. C.*
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Aug 19-10-3m

COLLINS & HEATH,

22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook.
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION

1867.

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods,

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons,

BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS,
BLONDS, NETTS, CRAPES, RUCHES,
Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,
STRAW BONNETS & LADIES' HATS
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

SHAKER HOODS, &c.,

237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.

Sept. 2—22-10w

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist.

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-228-ooly

To the Farmers of North Carolina:

IF YOU WANT PURE

PERUVIAN GUANO,

BUY OF

HERBERT & HAIRSTON,

COTTON, GRAIN AND TOBACCO

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Baltimore, Md.

Sept. 20—38-3m

NORTH STATE IRON

AND BRASS WORKS.

Again we beg to inform our friends and patrons that in the loss of our Machine Shops by fire we did not lose our FOUNDRY and PATTERNS, and that we have rebuilt

IN TWO WEEKS TIME

our Machine Shops—that we are now receiving

The Best and Most Highly Improved Machinery

that can be purchased. We are now prepared to furnish, upon short notice, all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

all sizes and descriptions of Forgings, and to finish and fit up the same in the best style. All kinds of repairing to Steam and Grist Mills furnished by us. We keep constantly on hand all kinds of

ONE AND TWO HORSE PLOWS,

and all the descriptions of Agricultural Implements used in this section.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Aug 6-305-tf

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

SAVE LABOR & MONEY BY

BURNING

COAL!!!

PERSONS WHO INTEND USING COAL DURING the

COMING WINTER

will find it greatly to their advantage to supply themselves without any unnecessary delay.

All orders given me will be filled promptly and in such manner as to give entire satisfaction.

For price, &c., apply at my Store on Market Square.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 9-318-tf

JOS. P. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

COURT HOUSE BUILDING,

NEWBERN, N. C.

July 13-294-6m

DRY GOODS.

CLEAN SWEEP!

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING

AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDK'F'S,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING,
BED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gent's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy goods elsewhere until you give me a call. When I say I am selling at Cost I mean just what I say: it is not for the purpose of humbugging you.

Merchants in the City whose stocks need replenishing would do well to call soon and make their purchases.

GEO. T. COOKE.

Aug 8-309-tf

A LARGE,

CHEAP AND WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED BY

ISAAC OETTINGER,

No. 48 F